UNITED STATES

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

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ALL EMPLOYEES MEETING

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TUESDAY,

OCTOBER 19, 2021

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The Commission met via Videoconference, at 10:00 a.m.

EDT, Christopher T. Hanson, Chairman, presiding.

COMMISSION MEMBERS:

CHRISTOPHER T. HANSON, Chairman

JEFF BARAN, Commissioner

DAVID A. WRIGHT, Commissioner

ALSO PRESENT:

ROCHELLE BAVOL, Acting Secretary of the Commission

MARIAN ZOBLER, General Counsel

NRC STAFF:

DAN H. DORMAN, Executive Director of Operations

KATHLEEN M. DUNSAVAGE, Office of the Chief Information Officer (OCIO)

MARY A. LAMARY, Chief Human Capital Officer

MARK D. LOMBARD, Office of Enforcement

DAVID J. NELSON, OCIO

LANCE J. RAKOVAN, Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards

JUSTIN A. VAZQUEZ, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

ALSO PRESENT:

SHERYL SANCHEZ, President, National Treasury

Employees Union (NTEU) Chapter 208

2	10:01 a.m.
3	MR. RAKOVAN: Good morning. For those of you who
4	don't know me, I'm Lance Rakovan, and I will be helping manage the interface
5	between the virtual, and in room participants for today's commission all hands.
6	We are using Teams live event for our meeting today. As a reminder,
7	audience members will not have access to the microphone, or be able to show
8	video. Please submit your questions using the Teams live event Q&A
9	feature.
10	Remember that only the moderators, and presenters will be
11	able to see the questions that you submit, and you will have the option to
12	submit the questions anonymously. So, if you have a follow up question, for
13	example, if you have a question that you didn't have a chance to ask prior to
14	the meeting that you'd like to ask now, please send it to us through the Q&A
15	feature. The commission will try to answer as many of those questions in real
16	time as time permits.
17	As we ask those questions, we'll also do our best to post the
18	questions asked in the announcement bar on the right side of your screen.
19	Two members of the NRC's Toastmasters Club are in the commissioner's
20	hearing room, and will be reading questions to the commission today. We
21	will be looking for trends in the questions that are asked, and will be passing
22	those to Kathleen Dunsavage and Justin Vazquez to pose to the commission.
23	They will be also reading some of the questions submitted
24	in advance of the meeting that received a high number of likes. Remember
25	that Microsoft Teams live events gives you the ability to pause and resume

the event if you need to step away for a moment, so you won't miss any of the

- 1 meeting. You also have the ability to use closed captioning. Those features
- 2 are included in the meeting's toolbar where you normally access Teams
- 3 features.
- 4 With that, I will turn things over to Dan Dorman, our new
- 5 executive director for operations who will get the meeting going in the
- 6 Commissioner's hearing room. Dan?
- 7 MR. DORMAN: Thank you Lance, and good afternoon
- 8 Chairman, Commissioners, NRC staff. Welcome to the 30th Annual All
- 9 Hands Meeting between the NRC staff, and the Commission. This is a public
- meeting, so I'd also like to welcome members of the public, and media who
- 11 might be joining us today. This is our second all hands meeting with the
- 12 Commission being brought to the staff entirely virtually, and my first all hands
- meeting serving as Executive Director for Operations; however it is my 30th
- all hands meeting that I've attended.
- These meetings have always provided an excellent forum to
- meet with the Commission on a broad variety of topics of interest to us all.
- Today, like in past years, this is an opportunity to have an open dialogue with
- the commission, and get their perspectives on the NRC's accomplishments,
- and challenges over the past year. On behalf of the staff, I would like to say
- thank you to Chairman Hanson, Commissioner Baran, and Commissioner
- 21 Wright for continuing to support this important event, and for taking the time
- to meet with us.
- The meeting will begin with the Chairman, and each
- Commissioner providing individual remarks, and the remainder of the meeting
- is reserved for employees to ask questions. As Lance indicated, I urge you
- all to submit your questions via the live event Q&A feature. This is a unique

- opportunity for the staff to engage directly with the commission, and discuss
- 2 the important issues facing the agency, and I encourage you to take
- 3 advantage of it.
- 4 Coordinating a meeting like this would not be possible
- 5 without the help of our dedicated volunteers. So, I'd like to also, just as Lance
- 6 did, recognize Justin Vasquez from the Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation,
- 7 and Kathleen Dunsavage from the Office of the Chief Information Officer.
- 8 Justin, and Kathleen are, as Lance indicated, members of our Toastmasters
- 9 Club, and will be reading the questions for us today.
- 10 I'd also like to thank the employees from the various offices
 11 from across the agency who helped organize this meeting, many of whom are
- currently working behind the scenes to ensure that the meeting runs smoothly.
- We sincerely appreciate your planning efforts to provide the necessary
- technical and logistical support to allow us to come together virtually today.
- Finally, I'd like to recognize Ms. Sheryl Sanchez, president of NRC's chapter
- of the National Treasury Employees Union, who is also joining us virtually
- 17 today.
- And following the commission's remarks, and the question
- and answer period, Ms. Sanchez will have an opportunity to provide remarks
- on behalf of the union. Now, without further delay, I will turn the meeting over
- to you, Chairman Hanson.
- 22 CHAIRMAN HANSON: Thanks Dan, good morning
- everyone, it's a pleasure to be with you. I'm going to keep my remarks
- reasonably brief, I want to give my colleagues an opportunity to talk, and also
- look forward to hearing all of your questions. As many of you know, I like to
- kind of start my remarks generally with a list of thank yous. So, thank you to

everyone who helped put this meeting together.

We're joined in the commission hearing room this morning obviously by my colleagues, and by Dan, and also Marian Zobler from the general counsel, Rochelle from SECY, and of course Justin, and Kathleen are going to help us moderate this as well, Wes, and Sergio are in the background managing things ably as they often do. So, thanks to everyone for being here. And thanks to all of you who are joining us online for this Microsoft Teams live event. Your participation, and your engagement with the commission is something that we really value, and look forward to the discussion this morning.

I know we're going to talk a lot, based on some of the advance questions that have come in, about COVID, and about reentry. It was 18 months ago that we kind of almost, unbeknownst to many of us, we kind of stood on a precipice for a big change in going to almost all remote work, and telework. And here we are 18 months later in October, kind of on the verge of another change, where we're looking at coming back into the office.

And just as that change all those months ago was a little bumpy, I think we can expect this one to be too. That's not to say that it won't be ultimately rewarding in terms of the work that we do, because I really do think it will. But I think it will be a change, and change is hard for people, and I think handling this as the staff has, professionally, and ably, and with some grace, and patience, and empathy as we have throughout this entire period I think is really important, and no less than I think I would expect from the NRC staff.

- we're looking at some changes coming up here, and that we really are, as an
- 2 organization, all in this together. On a personal note, I kind of look forward to
- having people back in the office. My office has been coming in two days a
- 4 week for probably the last 14, or 15 months, and quite honestly it's been more
- 5 than that this fall, as things have been pretty busy.

So, personally I kind of like to see people around the office
a little bit. We've been running about 10, 15 percent occupancy over the
summer, and while I've had the opportunity to meet many people over Teams,
through coffee chats, and other kinds of meetings, actually seeing people face
to face, I think would be good too. So, with that, I think I'll hand it over to

Commissioner Baran.

COMMISSIONER BARAN: Thanks. Welcome everyone, it's great to be here today with my colleagues for this virtual all employees meeting. I appreciate all of you taking the time to join us remotely. This annual meeting is a great opportunity for you to share your thoughts about how things are going at the agency, and ask the questions you have on your mind. I want to start by congratulating Dan Dorman on his selection as EDO, and Darrel Roberts, and Cathy Haney on their new deputy EDO positions.

I'm confident that Dan, Daryl, and Cathy will make a terrific team, and that they will provide strong, experienced leadership for the agency. This has obviously been a very challenging year, and a half with the pandemic, and as Chairman Hanson noted, we have a major milestone coming up, which is reentry. I know some people are excited about getting back into the office more, others are nervous about it, or trying to figure out what the new routine will look like.

will look pretty different than they did before the pandemic, I anticipate that
we'll see more people teleworking. Some folks may want to come in every
day, others may want to work from home a few days each week. Hopefully
people will ultimately be more satisfied with their schedule than they were
before COVID.

I know some folks have really enjoyed 100 percent telework, and would prefer to keep doing that indefinitely. I can completely understand that preference. NRC, like other federal agencies, and really like pretty much every large organization, and company is trying to balance that interest with the long-term effectiveness of the organization. Across the government, and the private sector, we're seeing most organizations planning to have employees come into the office at least some days in order to maintain the organizational culture.

It's hard to bring new employees into the agency, and instill a sense of community without face to face interaction, and with a number of employees retiring, or getting close to retiring, in-person mentorship, and knowledge management is vital too. Of course we all want to stay safe, that's critical. Looking forward, everyone working at NRC will be vaccinated. On top of that, we're all wearing masks, and the agency has enhanced cleaning protocols.

Because of all that, it should be a very low risk environment when it comes to COVID. We're also in the midst of a return to in person inspections. Resident inspectors are now back on site, and the regions are getting back to in person team safety, and security inspections. I think it's very positive that the staff has set a goal of getting back to normal levels of oversight this year. During the pandemic, some inspections were performed

remotely out of necessity.

an extremely unusual, and challenging public health emergency. As we move into the new normal, I think there is broad agreement on the value of, and need for in person safety, and security inspections. There's just no substitute for having independent NRC inspectors on site. There will understandably be lots of questions about COVID, and reentry today, with so much going on across the agency right now, this is also a great forum to talk about policy, and programmatic issues. Thank you all for the work you do, and I look forward to your questions, and a good discussion, thanks.

CHAIRMAN HANSON: Thanks Commissioner Baran.

Commissioner Wright?

COMMISSIONER WRIGHT: Thank you, good morning Chairman, Commissioner Baran. Dan, thank you for opening up the meeting, and again to follow up on Commissioner Baran, congratulations on your selection, and also I look forward to working with you, as well as Darrell, and Cathy in their new roles too. So, let me begin with a sentiment very similar to what I've heard already, and that is it's surreal to be here. This is our second all employees meeting where it's just the commission, and a handful of people here in the hearing room, although it's more than we've had, with the rest of you attending virtually.

While it's nice to be here in person with my colleagues, I have to say, I'd much rather be trying to see through the blinding lights across the street on the stage, to see in the hotel ballroom over there, actually I really don't miss the blinding lights, because they really do blind you up there. But I do miss seeing all of you in person. And to those of you in the regions,

again, you're way ahead of the curve, because you participated this way for years, virtually.

But even so, you should know that I'm anxious to get back out on the road, and to see each of you in person as well. With reentry coming up, we'll certainly have additional opportunities to see each other in person. Personally, I'm grateful for that opportunity showing itself, and although I do recognize that with that change, uncertainty, and anxiety for some will come, especially for those who haven't been back in the building, in any NRC building probably since March of last year.

But as I've said many times, and in many contexts, I recognize that change can be hard. But if COVID has given us anything, it has forced us to deal with unexpected changes, and adapt to them. So, the unexpected challenges, and trials in our lives, like what COVID has presented us, it also presents us with opportunities, including the opportunity to adapt to a new normal that hopefully will be more like our old normal was.

And again, that's something that gives me hope, and gratitude. And speaking of gratitude, I'd like to give a special thank you to the task force, those staff members who have been involved in the COVID task force, Darrell Roberts from OEDO, and Mary Lamary from OCHCO, Jack Giessner from region three, Mark Lombard from OE, James Corbett from Admin, David Castelveter of OPA, Cathy Scott from OGC, Sherri Miotla from OEDO, and Mary Frances Woods from OGC.

These individuals have taken on the challenge of, and the challenging task of processing, and communicating guidance on the continually changing COVID landscape from multiple agencies including OMB, GSA, and the CDC. It's because of their work, and the work of so many

others that work every day to implement this guidance, and new protocols like

2 OCIO, OCHCO, Admin, along with the amazing contractors who are

constantly cleaning, and they've been renovating our building as well in a way

4 that we know with confidence that our NRC buildings are going to be safe to

5 return to, as well as what to expect upon return.

So, as a follow the law kind of guy, I appreciate that the COVID task force is using, and implementing the rules, and guidance from OMB, and CDC to set our strike zone so to speak. The rules, and guidance from our nation's experts have evolved over time as more data has become available, and we'll most likely continue to evolve as we move forward, as circumstances change. If you're like me, this can be confusing at times, but I know that the task force is confident, and capable, and is on top of it, especially what's happening all across government, and this landscape.

And will communicate to us any, and all changes as they occur, as well as what it means to us as employees at the agency. So, not everything's gone perfectly, nothing really does, but I am still humbled by the NRC staff's resilience, and innovation during the last year. You've all achieved so much since this time last year. No way can I cover everything that you've done, so I'll just quickly name a few. Since we last met, you have issued a license for the ISP Consolidated Interim Storage Facility, and done considerable work on the Holtec Consolidated Interim Storage Facility application.

You're hard at work at part 53, and licensing Vogtle 3.

You've developed the NRC's fiscal year '22 through '26 strategic plan.

You've pursued transformation, and innovation initiatives, you've approved digital I&C licensing actions, and improved budgeting to address NEIMA.

- 1 Your resilience, your focus, and your dedication to our mission is obvious, so
- thank you. I'd also like to take just a moment to thank my colleagues, and
- 3 their staff.
- 4 Chairman Hanson, Commissioner Baran, as I know them,
- 5 Chris, and Jeff, thank you, I really appreciate the discussions we have on
- 6 various topics, and ideas, and proposals before us. And my team
- 7 appreciates the relationships they have with your teams as well, their ability,
- and willingness to talk through issues, to share their thoughts, and ideas too.
- 9 So, it's very helpful, I really value the insights, and
- perspectives of each of you. And I look forward to working with you for
- several years to come, although I do hope we get two more up here soon,
- because as we all know, we work better when we have a full complement,
- right? So, I know there's many questions, Dan, that we're going to have to
- get to this morning, including a number on reentry. So, I'm not going to take
- 15 up anymore time.
- 16 I'm just going to end by saying how much I appreciate each
- of you taking the time to be here in person today, although be it virtually,
- because I know there's a lot going on in this agency, and your personal lives
- 19 as well. So, just know that I'm a phone call away, as my colleagues are, as
- is my staff. So, again, thank you for all that you do for this agency, and for the
- 21 American people.
- 22 CHAIRMAN HANSON: Thank you Commissioner Wright,
- and Commissioner Baran for both of your remarks. So, with that, questions?
- MR. RAKOVAN: All right, let's go ahead, and transition to
- the Q&A. Again, we have our two volunteers in the commissioner's hearing
- room that will be asking questions both submitted prior to the meeting, as well

- as those provided through the Teams live event Q&A feature. There is
- 2 certainly still time to get your questions in, so by all means please use that
- 3 Q&A feature. With that, I'll turn things over to Justin with the first question,
- 4 Justin, if you would.
- 5 MR. VAZQUEZ: Make sure the mic's on, good morning.
- 6 First question, agency leadership has assured staff repeatedly that employee
- safety is the top priority, and I trust that staff safety is valued, but given the
- 8 excellent performance of the agency throughout the pandemic under work at
- 9 home conditions, please explain why staff must return to the office by
- 10 November 7th prior to mandatory vaccination requirements becoming
- effective on November 22nd, and potentially prior to the pandemic abating to
- the point where the CDC no longer considers facial masks necessary.
- The November 7th return date does not appear to be related
- 14 to any objective metric associated with employee safety, or pandemic
- 15 intensity.
- 16 CHAIRMAN HANSON: Thanks Justin, for that question, let
- me take a stab at this first, and then I know my colleagues will probably want
- to weigh in, and I think Dan will too, so we'll kind of crowd source this if you
- 19 will, for the answer. First of all, let me say that employee safety is paramount
- 20 here, okay? It is absolutely the first, and the last consideration of agency
- 21 leadership, of myself, I know my colleagues as we consider, and put together
- the plans for reentry.
- The second thing is staff really have done an incredible job
- working remotely during this pandemic, right? We've gotten inspections
- done, as Commissioner Baran noted, not necessarily the maximum number
- of inspection hours, but we met our minimums at the very least, in some cases

we came up with innovative ways to conduct inspections. We did policy, we

did rulemakings, we did licensing actions, we granted exemptions out the

3 wazoo.

Really, incredible work, but it was never intended to be permanent. And there are, I think objectively, certain things that have been lost in the face to face, and personal interactions that have happened. And we knew at some point, that those interactions, those face-to-face interactions would have to be resumed at some level, and I think based on guidance from the rest of the executive branch, and the COVID safe work place task force, and the implementation plan, that time has come.

The November 7th date wasn't originally tied to vaccination status, right? The original reentry date was actually the end of September, and that was based on vaccination attestation, and the availability of testing. And we pushed it back to November 7th originally because at the time we needed to put a testing protocol in place, because there wasn't a mandatory vaccination requirement. Well, now that mandatory vaccination requirement changed, as Commissioner Wright said.

Circumstances have changed, guidance has changed, and we've adapted along with it. And November 7th, in a way, is as good a date as any for this, right? By November 7th, everyone will have had at least one shot, with special exceptions of course for medical, and religious exemptions. So, they will be within two weeks of having been fully vaccinated. The facilities are safe, I can't emphasize that enough.

I mean the incredible work that admin, and others have done to clean the facilities, people are going to be masked. I just saw the numbers yesterday from Mary Lamary, our CHCO, that 77 percent of our employees

- have uploaded their vaccination cards into the system, so nudge, nudge for
- those of you who haven't gotten around to it yet. And we expect that number
- to be significantly higher as we approach November 7th.

So, we think the facilities are safe, we think that it's safe to

5 come back, and that with regard to the status of the pandemic, we're going to

see peaks, and troughs continue, and we need to adapt, and figure out how

to operate in a hybrid environment within that. So, with that I'll invite my

8 colleagues to weigh in.

COMMISSIONER BARAN: I thought that was pretty comprehensive. I don't really have anything to add. And as I mentioned in my opening remarks, I think the thrust of this question really gets at, to some extent, can we indefinitely go 100 percent telework as many have? And I do think it absolutely worked well, there's no question that, but for the inspection piece, that has worked well. Can it work well forever? I don't think so.

You come to a point where the organization's culture really needs to be maintained, and one of the reasons we've done so well in this past year, and a half is that we all had years, and years of seeing each other in person to build those relationships, and those understandings, and that's how you function so well in this period where no one's in the office.

But I think there's kind of an expiration on that, and to maintain the culture that we're so proud of at the agency, and the relationships that are so important to our work, but also that help make work so enjoyable, you have to see each other every once in awhile. And again, I think we're probably going to see a lot more telework than we did pre-COVID. I don't think it's going to be looking exactly like it did obviously, pre-COVID, far from

26 it.

1	But I think as a general matter we, and other federal
2	agencies, and companies, and organizations, I mean truly the whole economy
3	is looking at this, and I think most are coming out the same way, which is you
4	need some face-to-face interaction, and a healthy environment, and we're
5	going to have a lot of protections for everyone. So, I don't know that that
6	really adds anything to what the chairman had, but I don't know if
7	Commissioner Wright has anything, or Dan.

COMMISSIONER WRIGHT: So, I think you did a really good job summarizing it for sure. Bottom line for me, we have a job to do for the American people, and we're going to get that job done. We've been leaning on the advice from our COVID task force, and they have assured us, and continued to assure us that our building is safe to return to, and that's regardless if we come back, if we did it in September, if we do it on November 7th, or if we did it at another time, so it's safe to come back.

I know there is concern there, and I agree with both of my colleagues, that that water cooler interaction is something that we really need, and although we've done a really good job, and we can't emphasize that enough, that we have done a good job as an agency, it hasn't been perfect. And there's some things that we can learn, that we can integrate, I agree with Commissioner Baran, that it's not going to be like it used to be, we've learned a lot that we can implement, so I look forward to doing that.

But the buildings are safe, and that's the bottom line for as long as they tell us that's the case. So, thank you.

MR. DORMAN: Yeah, thank you chairman, and commissioners, and you've all covered it very well, and particularly the timing aspect, I think what I would emphasize again, is this is about the safety of our

- people. We are providing a workplace that's safe, we left because under the
- 2 circumstances of the pandemic, it was not safe, and we have reached a point
- where it is safe for us to come together again.
- 4 And in terms of the personal interaction, I reflect on our
- 5 recent rates of attrition from the agency staff, and I look out four, or five years,
- and it occurs to me that in that time frame, roughly a third of the NRC staff will
- 7 have no experience of a pre-COVID NRC. And I reflect back to the early part
- of my career, and the value that I got out of dropping into the cubicles of people
- 9 who had been here 20, 25, 30 years, and the things that I learned from that
- experience, and the interactions with them, and rooted in the relationships that
- were built around that.
- To me, that's where we've been drawing on our accounts for
- the last 20 months, and going forward, we're going to need to start putting
- deposits in those accounts. And that to me is why it's important that we come
- back together as we move into the future together.
- 16 CHAIRMAN HANSON: Thank you, thanks everybody,
- very well said. Kathleen?
- MS. DUNSAVAGE: These are three related questions.
- 19 What will the agency do if there is notice of an outbreak of COVID-19 during
- the day? Are the affected floors to be shut down for sanitization while the
- employees are sent home? Are we requiring testing of those employees on
- the affected floors should an outbreak occur?
- 23 CHAIRMAN HANSON: Thanks for that, I'm going to use
- 24 my discretion, and just hand that to Dan.
- MR. DORMAN: Thank you Chairman. So, it's a very
- important question as we come back together, because there is the possibility

that we will have an individual either appear symptomatic during the day, or receive a test result from a previous test. And so those protocols are all laid out in the workplace safety implementation plan. We will be doing, as we have done throughout the pandemic, when we have an individual in the facilities who either tests positive, or gets confirmation that they've been exposed to someone who is positive, the COVID coordination team will go into action to identify any other individuals that may have been in close contact.

And communicate their exposure to them, and then get into the protocols for isolation, or otherwise. Those have been updated, so if the Chairman will go to Mark Lombard, or Mary Lamary on the specifics of that, but I think the plan includes specific variables in terms of whether the person who is exposed is vaccinated, or unvaccinated as the terms of the protocols going forward. So, Mark, or Mary want to add any detail to that?

MR. LOMBARD: I think you covered it very well. The only thing in the question was the term outbreak, and we have not had what I would call, term as an outbreak in any NRC facility. One thing we do for the workplace safety implementation plan, we are ready to review if a person meets the criteria for COVID-19, so if you're questioning, there's some detail to that, three things. One, that they've tested positive for COVID-19.

One, they've had a close contact with an individual that tested positive, or they're symptomatic with the symptoms of COVID-19. And then we take the appropriate action working with the individual, and looking at videos, potentially, if we need to, on that particular floor, or floors if they were on areas of the building, and determine if other folks had any close contact with that individual. Again, close contact is 15 minutes over a 24 hour period, and then we take the appropriate action to determine which, if any of those

- folks who -- anybody who had a close contact, that's a criteria as well, so they
 would have to guarantine for a period of time.
- But again, I don't -- we've not had an outbreak per se, in any
 of the NRC facilities, which I think that's like a whole floor. We never had a
 whole floor of folks that had to be put under quarantine because of their
 exposure at an NRC facility.

MR. DORMAN: Thanks Mark. Let me just add for emphasis, as we get to about three weeks until reentry, the importance of the self-checking piece of it. So, all of our staff were trained back in the last spring of 2020 on what to do when you come into the building, but that will continue as we go into reentry. I ask every staff member coming into the building, before you come, ask yourself whether you've met any of those criteria that Mark just went through, and in particular, if you're symptomatic.

Historically, I think our workforce tends to be a little heroic, and if they feel like they've got a cold, they feel like they can muscle through it today, and you go do that, this is not the time for that kind of heroism. If you've got symptoms, talk to your supervisor, we have that flexibility now, that we didn't have as much before we went out on the pandemic to do your work day anyway, but do it from home because you have those symptoms. So, I think that's an important part of the plan, is every individual's self check.

CHAIRMAN HANSON: Okay, thanks, I really appreciate kind of the explication there, and really again in the policies, and procedures that we have, and that we're putting in place, how central again, employee safety really is. So, we just can't emphasize that enough. So, with that, Justin?

commission so long to respond to some SECY papers. Some of the SECY papers have been at the commission for well over a year without the staff receiving an SRM in response to the SECY paper. A past reason was that the commission was waiting for a full five members, but a full commission has come, and gone without responding to some outstanding SECY papers. It's hard on the involved staff to plan, and budget for future work without knowing when, or if the commission will respond to a SECY paper.

As a potential way forward, can the commission have SECY develop a policy for SECY papers that have not received a response within one year, that the paper is considered disapproved, and the status quo will continue to apply?

CHAIRMAN HANSON: Thank you for that. We get this question every year, it's a good question, it's a totally fair question, and I have a three-part answer if my colleagues will indulge me here just a little bit. So, in preparation for this meeting, because we knew this question was going to come up, I brought data, and we love data here at the NRC. Now, granted these statistics that I'm going to quote here, they're just for me, but my colleagues, as you all know, because we're moving together, and we're doing things together, and my previous colleagues Chairman Svinicki, and Commissioner Caputo, we all move together as a unit.

Since I came on, Commissioner Wright and I, he was resworn in, and I was sworn in on June 8th of 2020, and since that time I've cast 240 votes. And that includes 96 SECYs, and 112 CORRs, and 28 COMSECYs. So, that's about, like I said, that's 240, so that's over 16 months, that's about 15 things a month, or if you do the math, that's a vote every two days. And collectively as a commission, we're processed 123 SRMs.

So, and even though there are three of us, we're still moving

2 forward on a lot of that stuff. I think everybody's seen a bunch of votes, and

so the second part, so the first part is kind of we're working on it. The second

part of that is I've been a staffer, and I know how frustrating it can be to have

5 worked really hard on a project, a paper, or a memo, a deliverable, a piece of

legislation, a policy proposal, and not have it necessarily make it to the top of

7 the pile with the principal.

And how inscrutable that process, and that prioritization can be. And again, how frustrating that can be, and sometimes it's because those topics are really complicated, sometimes it's because it's overcome by events. I know there are papers out there from '17, '18, '19. I think my colleagues, and I share a commitment to moving those in a timely way, and to executing the business of the Commission. In some cases, Commissioner Baran has voted these things several years ago, and I feel like it's for me, just to catch up, and I'm still doing that.

And finally, there is a rather kind of organic process on the Commission for how we take up certain matters that I'm not sure kind of lends itself to a hard, and fast policy about the expiration of SECY papers. Someone had told me once that in Washington, there are only two times, now, and not now. And it's not always clear sometimes when your policy issue, when the time for your policy issue is now, or not now.

But there are things that have come up to the Commission where maybe when it came up right away, the time was not now, and as we have an opportunity to look at this, things have evolved, et cetera, the time then is now. So, we're trying to make the time now for more of those things, I think you're seeing that, at least I hope the staff is, and that'll continue to be

1 the case.

COMMISSIONER BARAN: I don't know how many parts my answer has, but we'll kind of figure out as we go along I guess. Just briefly, I think the chairman said it well. I personally share the staff's interest in timely commission decisions on voting matters. We definitely, which is true, we definitely have some important papers that have been awaiting a decision for too long, that's true, I think any one of us would admit that. And I think all three of us are focused on that.

As the chairman said, I think there's a lot of interest in working through the back log. And I think this is true for all of us when we started, you get there in your first day, and someone, it's usually Annette I think, back when everyone was in the office, would wheel your three boxes of papers in on your first day, and then from day one you're trying to catch up on that.

And my goal would be for the next two commissioners not to have that, not to have three boxes on day one. It would be way better if it was far less, and I think everyone agrees on that, and we're working on it. In terms of what's the solution to this? I think the solution is to just keep working on it. I don't think it makes sense to set some kind of firm deadline by which the commission has to decide something, or we assume that the view is unfavorable.

I know that as we've been working through the back log, there have been a number of items that had been sitting for awhile, that when the commission got around to voting, the staff recommendation was approved. So, I think having a system that just assumed if it's been awhile, it must mean the commission doesn't like the recommendation, I think that would be a

- mistake, and I think a lot of recent votes just show that that isn't a very good assumption to make, or a default rule to set.
- But I agree with the basic premise of the question that timely
 voting is important, especially when safety, or security issues are at issue.

 And so with that, I'll turn it over to Commissioner Wright if he has anything.

COMMISSIONER WRIGHT: Yes, so thank you for referencing the nonlinear feet of box, and paper that I got on the first day that I came in here. So, I share that with Chairman Hanson. So, when I was a new commissioner, very first day, you come in, you don't even have a staff. You've got to hire your staff, you start looking at the papers that are in the box, and you realize you've got to get up to speed, which means everything that's in that box is new, it's brand new, and you've got to go do your due diligence.

And then your staff, when you get them on board, which is a good thing that we hire from within usually, because the people have some knowledge, and can help you. If we hired from outside, it would have been probably even slower. So, I really appreciate the fact that when you get in here, and you get your staffs on the interaction that we have quickly, with the other commission offices, and with the staff on educating us on some of the things that are going in within the different business lines, it's very important.

So, we really do try from the first day to get things moving, and to socialize with the other commission offices what's important to them, what are they working on, what out of that box, and the new stuff that's coming up that Chairman Hanson referred to awhile ago, we're not sitting still, I can tell you that. So, we're doing the best that we can under any given circumstance.

1	are here right now, and we're committed to each other to try to move as much
2	as we can get moving, and I can tell you our list is long, it is, that we're getting
3	prepared for, so thank you.

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CHAIRMAN HANSON: Thank you both. Kathleen?

MS. DUNSAVAGE: The agency pausing review of reasonable accommodation requests because of the lack of OMB guidance is unacceptable. Current guidance exists, and it should be used to provide some certainty to those who have submitted requests. If other guidance comes out, those decisions should be reevaluated in time. The perception is that the agency is slow walking requests to see who really is willing to get fired.

For the rest, they will be forced into a medical procedure that they do not want, or cannot receive for their personal situation, and reasons. There are plenty of questions, and I understand that the agency is going to follow their processes, but that certainly is not a satisfying answer to someone who is looking at being put on unpaid leave, losing their current job, losing their livelihoods in some cases.

Nuclear is all some of us have ever done. Losing their pension, not being able to file for unemployment, et cetera. I would request compassion for those in these situations. Flippant responses by some management, and staff members is certainly not helping. What is the agency going to do to give those submitting reasonable accommodation requests some certainty?

CHAIRMAN HANSON: Thanks for that. Before I hand it off to Dan on the specifics of the reasonable accommodation requests, and that process, and kind of where we are, I want to take the opportunity to reemphasize a couple of things. I do really agree with the person who posed

- the question about the need for some compassion, and some grace in this,
- and the way we implement our policies going forward. And certainly a timely,
- 3 and fair consideration of reasonable accommodation requests is really
- 4 important.

The idea here, as we go forward, and implement the workplace safety implementation plan, and implement these policies isn't to force anybody out, right? We don't want to lose anybody as part of this. We want people to come back to work if they're able, to get vaccinated with certain exceptions, and come back, and fully participate as part of the work force. So there's no hidden agenda here, where we kind of drive people up to, or kind of any attempt what so ever.

I don't want people to think that there's any way in which we are attempting to force explicitly, or implicitly, anybody out of the agency. Let me start there, and then I'll hand it off to Dan.

MR. DORMAN: Thank you chairman, and I'll reinforce that. That the objective of the mandate is to get people vaccinated for this virus, except where authorized exceptions for medical or religious reasons. And as the question indicated, there has been some uncertainty in the development of the guidelines for those exceptions. I think we're very close on the guidelines for the medical exception. I think there's still work to be done on the religious exception.

And I want to be very clear that it's important for persons who are intending to seek an exception to the mandate under either of those criteria to reach out to OCHCO, and inform them of their intent to do that. Once you have that marker on the table as it were, then we're going to let that process work. There is, under the mandate, a process for progressive

- discipline for those who are not complying with the mandate, or otherwise have an authorized exception.
- But that process will not begin until the request for exception
 has been duly processed. And it won't be duly processed until we have the
 clear guidance in place. So, with that said, let me just check with Mary
- 6 Lamary, if she wants to add anything else on this item.

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- MS. LAMARY: Thank you very much for the opportunity to clarify that. I want to make one important, important distinction, and that is exceptions to the vaccine may ultimately, some of them, the medical ones be based on a reasonable accommodation. However, the initial part of the question, we have not paused reasonable accommodation requests. Reasonable accommodation requests are still being processed.
- 13 What we have paused are processing the exceptions to the
 14 vaccine mandate for medical or religious reasons. As Dan indicated, we're
 15 getting very close on the medical side, but that pause was not an NRC
 16 decision. That pause was asked of agencies by the Safer Federal Workplace
 17 Task Force so that they could get a view of the whole of government. So, we
 18 are processing reasonable accommodation requests, exceptions to the
 - Because the task force has asked us to pulse our workforce, and get a general idea of where we stand, and so that's what we're doing, we're collecting the information, but we are not processing them, and that is the case for the whole of government, not just NRC. But we are getting close, so we're awaiting that final guidance, thank you.
- MR. DORMAN: Thank you Mary.

vaccine, we are collecting the data.

26 CHAIRMAN HANSON: Thanks Mary and Dan, I

appreciate that. Justin, I think it's your turn.

MR. VAZQUEZ: All right, we've been taking presubmitted questions up to this point, so we'll take our first live question now. Do the Commissioners feel that the NRC is close to the point where we can start to transition out of the transformation effort, and return to a more normal mode of operation?

CHAIRMAN HANSON: Great question. Yes and no. I'll just speak for myself here on transformation. I think that we should continue with transformation efforts, and let me say kind of three, or four things about that. As part of transformation, I think we have to keep our safety mission front, and center. So, transformation in my view isn't meant to be about cutting staff, or meeting budget targets.

Transformation is about making better regulatory decisions, and it's about making better regulatory decisions in a couple different ways. First of all, kind of internally with regard to business processes. So, we've seen that with the mission analytics portal, and how that really informed project management for licensing reviews internal to the agency, but also then potentially externally with, we've seen kind of risk informed process exemptions, and putting some of our historic inspection data online, so that people can see that, and see the trends over time for specific facilities.

I think it's called MAP-X now, right? So, I think those are all signs of really successfully transformation efforts. I do agree that we shouldn't do transformation just for transformation sake. That there's a certain churn that's associated with that, and I think when I talked about this at the RIC, I said look, we've had a lot of successful efforts, let's institutionalize those, and reap the return on investment. Because it is an investment to

make those things, and let's then kind of explore further selected areas for transformation.

We have a lot of changes that are facing the agency coming down the pike. We have a changing industry in the way both the current fleet is operating, we have new technologies, we have an increasing portfolio of decommissioning reactors. We have new, and innovative technologies on the materials front, and all of that is going to require some new thinking. We also have demographic changes that the agency is facing. I think Dan said it right, in the next four, to five years, we could have a third of the staff that didn't know life before COVID.

That's a lot of turnover, and is going to require some new thinking. And the mission is going to continue to evolve in all of that. And so transformation as an engine for continuous improvement, and as I've spoken about before, as an engine for diversity, and inclusion. One of the great things about transformation in my book was it was about the value of ideas, and not where someone sat in the organization.

Anybody who had a great idea about how to change the way we do business, and improve it, and streamline it. And where we're streamlining, it's not just kind of doing more with less, it's actually focusing on high value activities so that then we can take the brain power, the real engine of this agency, and apply it to things that are more safety significant for example, or will yield greater insights about our mission, and our ongoing activities. Again, yield better regulatory decisions.

COMMISSIONER BARAN: Well, that's a lot, I don't know that I have too much to add. I guess I would, as the chairman kind of alludes to, in some ways it just depends on what we're talking about here, right? It

- 1 becomes a little bit of definitions, and semantics. I think there's no end point
- 2 for the point we would want to have innovative thinking within the agency.
- 3 Going forward, we want to have innovative thinking. Going forward, if by
- 4 transformation, we mean using data better in terms of our decision making,
- 5 we absolutely want to keep doing that.

If it's about being ready for new technologies, whether it be advanced reactors, or accident tolerant fuel, or whatever the new technology we're thinking about there, we've had a lot of work still left to do on that, and those are areas where it makes a lot of sense to think through how have we done things historically, and we're probably going to need to do it differently for those.

What I've said from the very beginning, and I still believe this, is that transformation can't be about deregulation, can't be about less oversight, can't be about weaker safety and security standards. If we're going to make a change to our standards, or oversight, there should be a solid, convincing safety case for that change. Not a label, or a sense that we should do less. NRC's core responsibility is safety and security.

And so doing less is not being efficient, that's just doing less. So, we want to make sure from my point of view, we shouldn't be adjusting safety standards, or oversight based primarily on cost considerations. I'm looking for, as a decision maker on these things, I'm looking for a safety case, and understand is this going to improve safety, is this going to improve the way the agency does its work, is it going to prepare us for new technologies, and new opportunities down the road? That's kind of the lens I look at it through. Thanks.

surprise to anybody here at this table, I've never really been a fan of the word transformation, I get the concept, I get it. We had Project Aim before that, and we had other things that came before that, and I think that's where the

4 question is kind of getting at, is that we've tried a whole lot of different things,

5 right?

And we never really have a follow through. So, call it what you want, transformation, and innovation, but the word is what we use, transformation. But I really think the agency is always going to be evolving. It's going to be morphing, it's going to be innovating, it's going to be recalibrating. I like the recalibration word a lot in this arena. We're going to -- to the chairman's points earlier, as we change we're going to need fresh minds to go with the seasoned ones that we have to move that knowledge transfer forward.

And new ideas, new insights, I mean we're going to have to change as the focus of Congress changes, or the focus of the administration changes, or DOE, right? And just looking at what is going to be our role, what's our swim lane as we go forward? As long as we're staying within our swim lane, which is our mission, right? That's the most important thing. So, however we do it going forward, I do think that we will continue to evolve. So, if that's transformation, then I think it's with us for a long time.

CHAIRMAN HANSON: Yeah, thank you both. Kathleen?

MS. DUNSAVAGE: Did the commission consider significant reduction to the White Flint Complex as part of the reoccupancy plan? With teleworking capabilities, it seems we could cut our building overhead in half easily by sharing office space, and using telework in an efficient manner.

2	but I think the let me just say the kind of incredible job that Admin has done
3	throughout this whole thing and preparing the facilities for return. I mean really

CHAIRMAN HANSON: I may pass this off for one thing,

4 Jennifer, and the entire facilities team have really done incredible work. Now,

5 while they're doing all that incredible work, they're also trying to look into their

crystal ball to see what the world might look like in a few years, and how much

7 space we're going to need.

We had anticipated some of this by having kind of this space planning, or space kind of strategic plan if you will, that I think came out about nine months or so ago to think about this kind of thing. And I really, I think the idea here is we're going to kind of have to see how this goes, and see how it evolves, and see how much space we're really going to need. How much occupancy do we have? What does that look like? What kind of space do people want in some cases? Do they want hot desks, do they still want to have cubes? That kind of thing. What's most conducive to the environment?

And then figure out what's available to us potentially to release space, or to reconfigure space as we go along. As many people know, I think the floors in One White Flint haven't been redone in about 25 years. We'd like to modernize, and update those where we can. Of course, the regions are going through some space planning themselves to bring themselves kind of more in line with GSA requirements, and how those requirements then mesh with COVID safety, and implementation is going to be kind of another layer.

So, it's a pretty complex equation, and I've been really impressed with kind of how Admin is tackling it in partnership with other people

- in the agency to kind of tackle this. I don't know if there are some data points
- there that Dan, or you, or others want to mention. But obviously,
- 3 Commissioner Baran.

COMMISSIONER BARAN: You know I agree with
everything the Chairman said, and the question is a very good one, and what
you probably got from the Chairman's answer is people are looking at that
question, there's a lot of analysis going into that. The one thing I would just
emphasize that the Chairman said, but I would just kind of restate is we are of
course, as we all know, we've been talking about it, in a period of real
uncertainty.

And so when you're talking about space planning, and are you going to give up a floor, two floors in a building, those are really long term decisions, it's hard to reverse them once you make them. So, we want to be cautious as an agency about those decisions in this period of uncertainty. Just how many people are going to telework, how much are they going to telework, those kinds of questions, people can have their guesses right now, but we don't really know how it's going to play out.

And I think allowing some time to see how it plays out, and then get a better sense of what are our space needs really going to be before we make a lot of decisions that are kind of irrevocable on space. And so I don't think I said anything different than what the Chairman said, but just kind of putting a little bit more of a fine point on that one piece of it. I don't want to make, we don't want to rush to make decisions that are really hard to fix if we get it wrong, because an assumption we have doesn't pan out.

CHAIRMAN HANSON: Was there anything you wanted to add there? Okay, great. Justin?

1	MR. VAZQUEZ: All right. The White House, Congress,
2	the court system, and quite a few other government entities are exempt from
3	the vaccine mandate, has the NRC requested an exemption as it is an
4	independent agency with public safety and security missions? If not, why
5	not?
6	CHAIRMAN HANSON: I am going to hand this over to

maybe Marian and Dan in a moment. I would note that the court system, and Congress are actually different branches of government, and I would also note that while we are an independent agency with regard to policy matters from the rest of the executive branch, we are subject to things like Title 5, which actually governs federal employees, and their protections, and so on, and so forth. So, I'll point that out to start, and let Marian take over.

MS. ZOBLER: Okay, thank you Chairman. Actually, I don't have much more to add to what you've already said Chairman. The executive order itself does say that it does apply to independent agencies, of which the NRC is one, as an executive branch agency. And therefore, as the Chairman pointed out, this is something to do with employee health and safety, and is the kind of executive order that the NRC will follow under the circumstances.

CHAIRMAN HANSON: Kathleen?

MS. DUNSAVAGE: Why does the NRC seem to have become a riskaholic? The context, not everything with alcohol is good for you to consume, for example mouthwash, auto antifreeze, et cetera, and could actually do substantial harm, or kill you. Likewise, not everything with the risk label is worthy of consumption. The NRC seems to have lost some of its good judgment in advocating becoming a modern risk informed regulator.

1	Risk is a part of the integrated decision, and not the decision
2	itself. On its own initiative, NRC is using risk to approve changes such that
3	the design basis of plants is no longer bounding, for example accident
4	leakage, and CDF, and LERF measures take precedence over the dose to
5	workers, and the public.

CHAIRMAN HANSON: Thanks for that question. I have a joke in there somewhere about not mentioning beer, but I'll just leave it at that. I do, for myself, and I want to give my colleagues an opportunity to weigh in here, I do agree with the idea that risk should be part of an integrated decision-making framework, right? It's not the only thing, that's the difference between risk-informed decision making, and risk-based decision making.

I do think that risk-informed decision making can yield some insights. But the foundation of risk thinking in my book is really data. What do we know, how do we know it, and what are the uncertainties around what we know? And sometimes it's characterizing those uncertainties, sometimes that error band is actually pretty big, and we need to take other measures, that's what defense in depth is for, that's what deterministic approaches are for.

And sometimes those error bands are small, and we can use a lot of data to better make our regulatory decisions. So, I don't know about being a riskaholic, but I think risk informed thinking is one key piece of our overall decision-making framework.

COMMISSIONER BARAN: Yeah, I agree, and I think the premise of the question, and the chairman's response, I agree with both of them in the sense that really risk informed thinking is what we're looking for, and not risk based thinking. The only thing I'd add to that, is I think another

- kind of element to the question is a concern about labeling versus substance,
- and I agree with that, that resonates with me.
- We need to focus on substantive analysis, and not labels.
- 4 Just labeling an idea, or a proposal risk informed, or transformative doesn't
- 5 make it a good idea, that's just a slogan. What I'm looking for when I'm
- 6 making decisions is a safety case, and a real analysis, as I mentioned before.
- 7 So to me, I agree with that part of it. We do sometimes, I would say in the
- last couple years, I've seen more times than I'd prefer, cases where we would
- 9 see a paper, or an element of an idea suggested, and a sentence that said
- and this would be risk informed, and just left it at that, or this would be
- transformative, and leave it at that.
- I want to make sure as an agency, we're going to that next
- level, and doing the substantive analysis, why is this a good, or bad idea?
- What effect is it going to have on safety, or not have? Let's not just put a
- label on it, and assume it's good, let's do the analysis.
- 16 COMMISSIONER WRIGHT: I don't have anything to add
- to what either one of you said. I do think that one, the label thing is very
- important, we don't want to do that, we want to be sure that it truly is informed
- by data, operational experience, historical operations, and all that, right? And
- 20 driven by our people at boots on the ground level.
- 21 CHAIRMAN HANSON: Yeah, thank you both. Justin?
- 22 MR. VAZQUEZ: Culture building was cited as one basis
- for requiring reentry on November 7th. Is the commission aware of employee
- 24 attitudes about reentry? Is there a possible concern that requiring reentry
- when a significant fraction of employees do not wish to return may actually be
- damaging to agency culture? If employee safety is paramount, then why not

wait another month or two when the risk calculus will improve for a great dealof employees, and their families?

CHAIRMAN HANSON: That's a good question. I think the cultural aspect of this, the social aspect, the direct interaction, the being able to see body language, et cetera, is really important, and the face-to-face interaction is a really important piece of our work. I agree with Dan 100 percent that we've really drawn on our reserves in a way, our cultural reserves over the last 18 months, and we need to get back to a place where we're putting some deposits in.

In terms of the date itself, and waiting, I'm not sure that by waiting a month, or two months, or three months, that we're necessarily going to have a lot more certainty. The simple fact of the matter is that the buildings are safe. When people come in on November 7th, a very high percentage, I fully expect over 90 percent of our employees are going to be vaccinated. We're going to be wearing masks, we have occupancy limits on the elevators, we have an Admin staff that is cleaning the facility on a regular basis.

Employee health, and safety are really important. We have protocols if someone tests positive, as Mark Lombard pointed out earlier. I think about this a little bit, and well, if we waited two weeks to say November 22nd, well that's the week of Thanksgiving, and no one wants to come back the week of Thanksgiving. We could wait until the 8th of December, and that's when contractors are coming back, but that's the middle, at that point it's Christmas. So, why not wait until the new year?

There is always going to be another time out there, and I'm genuinely not trying to minimize concern about the upcoming date. I think there's a lot of anxiety about that, and I think it's entirely justifiable, but we

- have a process where the baseline is two days a week in the office, so there's
 a significant amount of telework that's going to be allowed in the agency.
- We have a facility that's safe, we've empowered managers
 across the agency to show some compassion, and some grace, and some
 flexibility in the implementation of policies, and I think it's time.

COMMISSIONER WRIGHT: I agree with you 100 percent Mr. Chairman, on that. But I do recognize, and it does not fall on deaf ears at all, that there are concerns that people have about coming back. I mean it's obvious, we hear it everything from our staffs on down. So, one, I asked questions like everybody's doing here today, I've asked questions as well, because I had concerns myself. Okay, Jeff's got small children, right?

Is that a problem? And I've been assured not only is the building safe, and it's cleaned constantly, and it's safe for us to come back to, and our people are vaccinated, and there's protocols in place for those people who are going to be coming to visit, but at the same time, there are programs, and procedures in place that are compassionate, and do show grace for those people who have specific concerns. So, at some point you've got to take that first step, and November 7th is what they've set as the time to come back, and I agree with the Chair, I think it's time to start.

CHAIRMAN HANSON: Yeah, well said, thank you. Dan, I don't know if you want to add anything? Okay, all right. Kathleen?

MS. DUNSAVAGE: Inspectors, most notably resident inspectors have been coming on site regularly, yet are continually left out of discussions related to the NRC's pandemic response. Is the NRC considering any compensation to inspectors who have been coming on site since the start of the pandemic? Additionally, the NRC hasn't done a great job

1 recruiting, and retaining resident inspectors in the recent past.

And this pandemic response hasn't improved that. There seems to be a rather large disconnect between how the agency views the resident position, and how the residents themselves view the position, such that despite the recent resident retention initiatives, it has become even more difficult to retain, and attract qualified inspectors. Why doesn't the NRC appear to value its resident inspectors?

CHAIRMAN HANSON: Thank you for that. I think we do value our resident inspectors, I value our resident inspectors. I mean look, the job that our residents have done during the pandemic has really been nothing short of truly remarkable, and in many cases heroic. Continuing to visit plants, when the pandemic first hit, folks obviously took a step back, there was a lot of uncertainty about what was safe, and what wasn't, and I know residents weren't necessarily on site every day.

But as things developed, and as we learned more, there was that ongoing on-site presence that is so important for our oversight mission. I've made it a point, I've visited a dozen plants this year, and at every one of those, and I know my colleagues have done the exact same thing, take an hour to talk to resident inspectors. We've done virtual counterpart meetings to hear about the concerns that residents have about both the program, about their day-to-day job, about the specifics of the site where they're at, and this is really important.

I think the three of us, and these gentlemen will speak for themselves here in just a minute, are very concerned, we're looking at the data, we're asking for data, we're looking for what are those right things that we can do to make sure that residents are appropriately compensated for the

- job that they do, and that the program, that that program really is effective in
- 2 facilitating that direct, and on-site oversight of our licensees. So, with that I'll
- 3 hand it over.

4 COMMISSIONER BARAN: Sure, well I completely agree
5 with everything the Chairman said. My sense, I assume the residents realize
6 the amount of thought that goes into these questions. They're really site7 specific issues. I've talked to each of the regional administrators about this at
8 various times during the pandemic, is it safe to have residents on site at this
9 particular site, in this particular moment on time with community transmission
10 what it was at that location?

They're doing those kinds of reviews on regional inspections, and force on forces, and other things. It's a huge area of focus for the agency, and it's happening a lot, a lot of that's fallen to regions, and regional administrators, and the management there to look at it, and make sure that we're doing what's safe there. And I completely agree with the Chairman about there's a lot of focus right now, I think I can speak for everyone on this, people correct me if I'm wrong, but there's been votes cast, and they've all said this.

There's a lot of focus on recruitment, and retention, it's a vital position, it's an essential position for the agency, it's the agency's eyes, and ears on the ground at the power reactors, and at the Cat 1 fuel facilities. And we want to make sure it's an attractive position. We want to be able to recruit top talent, we want to be able to retain that talent. We want folks to be happy in this position until they're ready to go off, and do other things within the agency, we want to make sure they have a lot of opportunities when they do.

forward leading on this. I think we've approved a number of measures that are really all pretty recent, so we'll see what effect that has, and we've a expressed openness to doing more if more needs to be done. And so that				
	2	forward leading on this. I think	k we've approved a number of m	neasures that
4 expressed openness to doing more if more needs to be done. And so the	3	are really all pretty recent, so	we'll see what effect that has, a	and we've all
	4	expressed openness to doing r	more if more needs to be done.	And so that

And so I think the three of us in particular have been very

5 part of it's really key. The one part I'll add, and I know this isn't really the

6 question, but I think it's important, is there's a kind of telework element to this

7 too.

And I will say one thing I don't think we can do to make the job more attractive, is have a lot of telework with it. This is really, there may be a few hours a week type of telework, and I know that's the regional administrators, and NRR looked at that, and there's a memo out about an appropriate level of telework, but it is admittedly a small level of telework.

And why is that? I mean it's a job where being on site is vital, that is the essence of the job. It's walking down the equipment, it's being able to just walk through the plant, and see if something doesn't look right. It's being available to talk to the plant employees, and hear the concerns they have, or kind of pick up their body language about what's going on there. It's the intangible of having someone with an NRC hard hat walking around.

And that's really critical, I think there's widespread agreement among the agency's senior leaders about that, that it's just not a job that can be performed from someone's couch, or from someone's desk at home more than a few hours a week. And so to the extent there are folks who really want more of a teleworking environment, this may not be the position for them. But for those who really are excited to be at the plant, walk the plant, talk to folks, really hands on, on site type of experience.

- and see it as valuable, and know that we see it as valuable. And if there's
- 2 more that we can do on that, I think everyone is open to that. Thanks.
- 3 COMMISSIONER WRIGHT: Boy, the residents are
- 4 something that I've been directly involved in, as you know, as you all have too
- 5 for the last two plus years trying to work with them directly, listen to them when
- 6 we go to plants, not only do we spend a couple hours with them in rooms by
- themselves with us, but we carry them throughout the plant with us when we
- 8 walk it, and we listen, and then we debrief with them, what are you hearing
- 9 different than you're seeing, right?
- Any change that happens in the resident program, it's not going to come from me, it's going to come from the bottom up to me. Which
- is what happened in the resident paper that we just did. We found that there
- are some things that we're not able to do because we need outside help. But
- we are trying to form that consensus among the Commission that we can seek
- that outside help, and to try to get it done. So, we're listening, and it's not a
- one, and done thing.
- As Commissioner Baran said, it's going to continually be
- looked at. So, we're listening, and if you have ideas, pass them up, if you
- 19 have concerns, pass them up, or call us directly, you know our reactor people,
- so we're open. I hear you, very important.
- 21 CHAIRMAN HANSON: Yeah, well said, thank you both.
- 22 Go ahead Dan.
- MR. DORMAN: Thank you Chairman and thank you all for
- your support for the residents, because you have been actively engaged on
- 25 this, including supporting the staff going outside the agency where we need
- to. I just also wanted to note that there is an active working group on

- 1 recruitment and retention of resident inspectors looking at different options,
- and they're actively engaged on that. I would also say in my prior position,
- 3 where I was the direct supervisor of the regional administrators, the
- 4 recruitment.

Actively recruiting, and really pressing into our available FTE to get new inspectors, and there's a time involved in taking a new hire, and making a resident inspector out of them, and so we need to be anticipating that, and leaning into that. And I know that Darrell Roberts, going into that position as a former resident inspector, and a former regional administrator is well attuned to those issues as are all of the regional administrators.

Who I believe, all of our former resident inspectors as well, it's very much on the forefront of our minds to recruit them, retain them, develop them, and then to have the opportunities for them going forward in the agency. One of the challenges as the agency came down in size in the latter part of the last decade was the overages in headquarters limited the opportunities for resident inspectors to move onto other positions in the agency.

And I'm happy to say over the last couple of years, I'm seeing a lot of familiar faces from the resident pool walking around headquarters, or virtually in headquarters, but those opportunities are opening up, and that just means we need to be more focused on making sure we're bringing good inspectors in behind them. So, that is a priority, and will continue to be one.

CHAIRMAN HANSON: Great, yeah, thank you Dan for that, really appreciate that. Justin?

MR. VAZQUEZ: When I look at the composition of the

- 1 Commission, and senior management, I do not see a lot of diverse
- 2 representation from minority communities. What will the commission do to
- 3 facilitate more minority representation in upper levels of management?

CHAIRMAN HANSON: That's a great question. A
number of us have spoken about the importance of diversity throughout the
organization. I've talked about it with regard to risk informed decision making,
and with regard to transformation. It's not good enough, I fully admit, to just
say well this thing is really important, but we actually need to take action on
that. And I think there are a couple of things going on, and I know we need

to be doing more.

I think the NRAN program has done a good job of recruiting a diverse class. I think that one area that we can do better in NRAN, is actually the representation of women in that class, and so I think there's that. I think then on the SES CDP has made really great improvements in the last few years on, particularly the representation of women there. This is ultimately all about building the pipeline, it's about building the pipeline.

It's about developing talent throughout the organization. It isn't necessarily about having one person here, or one person there, but that actually we're thinking about a systematic approach to the inclusion of diverse voices, and perspectives, and the development of those people into future leaders in the agency. I've been involved in some international efforts on this.

I came back from Vienna having met some of my international colleagues who are maybe doing better in this area, particularly with regard to gender equity than us, with some new ideas, and thoughts about it. And I'm talking about those with Mary Lamary, and others, but I want to give my colleagues a chance to weigh in, and maybe Dan has some specific

1 things as well.

COMMISSIONER BARAN: Yeah, I'd just briefly make a
couple points. When I look at the org chart that starts with Dan, and the
DEDOs, that's actually a great diverse slate we have just moving into those
positions, and I look at the office directors, and I look at the regional
administrators, I'm actually pretty excited about the growing diversity we're
seeing in that group. As I looked at that org chart for the last seven years,
I'm seeing more, and more women in these top positions, which is terrific.

I'm seeing more, and more racial diversity, which is terrific, but that's obviously going to be an ongoing effort. And there have been historically challenges with the SES CDP program, we have not had as an agency the level of diversity heading into the SES that we really need, and there have been a lot of changes made to try to improve that. There may need to be more changes made in the future to continue that trend.

We need to have really diverse, not just diverse pools of candidates there, but then diverse class in the CDP so that we have a diverse SES core. And then that rises up, all the way up to the EDO's office. So, there's a lot of work that's going to need to be done over years. I can say in my time here, I've seen a lot of focus on it, and I really think there's been improvement in that time. It's not an immediate thing, obviously, because it takes time to have people work their way into pools to be considered for key positions.

But I think we're starting to see the results of those efforts, and I'm excited about that, and I'm excited to see the progress continue.

COMMISSIONER WRIGHT: It's a good question. I think

I look at it a little bit different, I believe we have been doing a good job, I think

	1	we've been	making a	conscious	effort to	be inclusive,	and to tr	y to be diverse
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- 2 I mean the proof is in the pudding, just point to Margie number one, that
- 3 happened. And then you've got others that are in place now as
- 4 Commissioner Baran pointed out, and I do agree that the pipeline has got to
- 5 grow a little bit, we've got to get more people interested in taking that chance
- to get it to develop, and put themselves in the position where they can take
- 7 that next step.
- 8 Which, I want to see as many people be empowered, and
- 9 break the ceiling as we can find, because I'm all about that. It just makes the
- agency better, a better place to work, a better place to just be. So, I think we
- are doing better than we had been doing for sure. So, I'm encouraged.
- MR. DORMAN: Thanks for all those remarks, and I
- appreciate the perspective that we are making progress. I think an area for
- us to continue to focus, and we'll always need to focus, is between the NRAN,
- and the CDP, is that whole pipeline in between, and making sure that we are
- providing developmental opportunities, and growth for all staff equitably, and
- that will need to, that's all that's going to need to be there. But we need to, I
- think continue to shine a strong light in that area.
- 19 CHAIRMAN HANSON: Thank you. Kathleen?
- 20 MS. DUNSAVAGE: There have been numerous
- 21 inadvertent releases of personally identifiable information across the federal
- 22 government. How can I be assured that the upload of my vaccination card
- will be appropriately handled?
- 24 CHAIRMAN HANSON: That's a great question. I'll start
- with just the principle of information security, and cybersecurity, it's critically
- important, and I know Dave Nelson, and the CIO, it's a huge focus for them,

- both PII, personally identifiable information, as well as just all of the other
- 2 information that we keep here in the agency, business sensitive information,
- and otherwise. But if I could, I'll hand this off to Dan, and maybe Dave to
- 4 tackle.
- 5 MR. DORMAN: Yeah, and I think I'll go fairly quickly to
- 6 Dave, I just want to say that historically the NRC, I'd say in protecting
- 7 information, and Dave's team, and ensuring the security of our systems ranks
- 8 fairly consistently among the tops in the federal family, and so I really
 - appreciate the good work that they do. Dave, anything you want to add on
- 10 this concern.

- MR. NELSON: Yeah, thank you for this opportunity,
- appreciate that Dan. We do have the appropriate controls in place, we have
- a system of records in place to collect this information, and we're protecting
- the information under the appropriate controls that are set for this type of
- information. As Dan said, our maturity of our program is rated among the top
- 16 federal agencies, even the larger agencies, we continue to protect, and
- improve our cybersecurity posture at every opportunity, and just rest assured
- that that data is being protected at the full extent of our controls, so thanks.
- 19 CHAIRMAN HANSON: Thanks Dave. Okay, great.
- 20 Justin?
- 21 MR. VAZQUEZ: Industry lobbyists seem to have an
- increasing footprint within the agency. They take up an increasing share of
- public meetings, and seem to have the expectation the NRC staff will agree
- with them. What is this commission's approach to dealing with industry
- lobbyists, and what is the agency doing to avoid the perception, or even the
- 26 reality of regulatory capture?

CHAIRMAN HANSON: That's a good question. I guess I
would have to take the questioner's word for it, as to whether or not there's an
increasing presence of lobbyists. What I think I would say is the agency is
actually, we're doing a lot, we're considering a lot of things. We've got
multiple initiatives going on. Part 53, we've taken an entirely new approach
to engaging with the public on that, including some representatives of industry,

but also public interest groups, and others.

We've got the EJ initiative, that has held multiple public meetings, and engaged with the public there. So, I think to say nothing of accident tolerant fuel, and the public meetings on digital I&C, or the meeting this morning I think on security concerns for advanced reactors that NSIR is holding. There's really, we have a lot going on. And so a lot of opportunities to engage the public. I think it's incumbent on us that we provide equal opportunities for all of our external stakeholders to engage with the agency.

And so that's not necessarily just industry, but other public interest groups, and community groups, and others. It's important that they have opportunities to make their voices heard, and to feel like they're being heard. I might note that it is a characteristic of lobbyists that they expect you to agree with them, it kind of goes with the job a little bit.

But I don't think necessarily that engagement, or participation on the part of lobbyists implies necessary regulatory capture. And I do feel strongly about that based on my interactions with the NRC staff, and particularly getting back to our resident inspectors that five minutes, or ten minutes in the presence of NRC technical staff on a particular issue I think will dissuade almost anyone that this agency has a problem with regulatory capture in my view.

1	really do reel strongly that every day NRC stall exhibit tha
2	independence that you would expect from a high quality technical regulator

and I've just been incredibly impressed about the integrity with which NRC

4 staff interact with our external stakeholders.

COMMISSIONER BARAN: Yeah, I think for all stakeholders, and probably for all levels of the agency, whether it's the commission, or public meetings that the staff's holding, I think there are a few things that are really key. The first is, and the chairman talked about this, just access for all stakeholders. That any interested stakeholder has the ability to engage. Another element is to have openness to the variety, range of stakeholder views by the staff, I think that's important, and by Commissioners as well.

And then transparency is really important too. I think generally the agency is pretty good about this, so that everyone can see, anyone who is interested can see who is it that's participating in meetings, what are they saying, and so who are folks in the agency talking to, and what are they talking with them about? That transparency is really important.

And one of the aspects of the environmental justice initiative that I think is important, and the staff is working on this, and formulating their ideas, and thoughts on things, but it does actually go to one piece of this I think, which is the kind of access piece. And do we have processes that work well for various stakeholders to be able to engage? If you're a disadvantaged community, are you finding our processes accessible?

Are you able to connect not just with public meetings, but if you have a petition, or you have a concern, are we setting those processes up in a way that people can express their environmental concern, or health

and safety concern, and see that through without it being really, really challenging, right? We don't want to erect barriers to folks being able to raise those concerns or express their views. So, I think that's one piece of it, that this ongoing environmental justice initiative does kind of intersect with this

question.

But those I think are the real principles. Just be open to a wide range of stakeholders, and stakeholder views, make sure a wide range of stakeholders are able to participate, and then be transparent about all those interactions. And if we do that, then I think we're able to both maintain our independence, which is critical, but also make sure that we're engaging with folks to get as much information, and as many perspectives as we can.

COMMISSIONER WRIGHT: So, I really like the question, and I think you all have spoken very well to it. I don't think that regulatory capture is an issue in this agency, I mean not by lobbyists, or any other group, or stakeholder set, or anything like that. I do agree, I believe that our principles of good regulations speak to it, and the openness, and transparency. So, we want to get information from as many different sources as we can, it helps us become informed regulators, and informed decision makers.

And we're not going to agree with everybody that comes in, and talks to us, we're just not, we don't, and we know it when we're talking to them, and they know it too sometimes, right? But we listen, and we don't demean them, or anything like that. We really try to balance what we're hearing in order to make a good decision, so the information sharing is really helpful to us regardless of where it comes from, and everybody's got to be at the table.

1	CHAIRMAN HANSON:	Well said.	Kathleen?

MS. DUNSAVAGE: What is the agency doing, and what tools are being proactively provided to supervisors to ensure the NRC staff remain mentally healthy? Specifically, what are we doing to ensure there will not be a catastrophic work place event due to the high stress levels being experienced by all levels in the agency?

CHAIRMAN HANSON: That's a good question, and before I'm going to hand this off to Dan, I know this has been a subject not just for the NRC, but also for the interagency, and the Safer Workforce Task Force downtown.

MR. DORMAN: Yeah, thanks chairman. I think the main tool that we have for staff, and supervisors to assist in this area is our employee assistance program managed out of Mary Lamary's office. So, maybe I'll turn briefly to Mary on this one.

MS. LAMARY: Thank you. So, a couple of things, we do have a program, and we do have through our EAP program, seminars and tools on stress management both for the employee, for employee well being, but also for managers, and supervisors. We've delivered -- the EAP program has come to certain offices that have requested it, and delivered it to offices, and we can do that on an as needed basis.

I would also say that our employee engagement is also key to this. Managers and supervisors need to engage with staff, and stay connected with them, and sort of make sure that they are touching base with them, and I think part of our reentry will help with that, as we have more personal interactions with folks, and are able to have a better way to gauge how employees are responding. But definitely if you see a need, or have a

1 need yourself, please reach out to the EAP program.

2 MR. DORMAN: Thanks Mary.

CHAIRMAN HANSON: I think Dan, you and Mary both raise really good points, that reentry will be stressful, and yet there's also, I don't want to call it an antidote, but maybe an amelioration of some of that stress through some of the interpersonal connections that we're going to have in the workplace again. And that in addition to kind of some of the formal programs that we have, we also have each other, right?

We're in this together, and you can go to your colleagues, and say hey, are you doing okay? And how is this working out for you? And how are the kids? And what are you doing with the dog now that you're back at work? And this is some of this basic human interaction too, that can really serve to help with some of these high stress, and ultimately I hope, head off a kind of catastrophic event that the questioner was talking about. Go ahead.

COMMISSIONER WRIGHT: If I may, thank you so much. This is a really big thing for me, I mean this has been concerning for me since we left back in March 13th of last year. I agree with Mary that the employee assistance program is critical. If you've got an issue, and you need to talk to someone, please do, and they'll put you in touch with someone. Go listen to my RIC speech from March if you haven't seen it.

Whether you're here, or you're at home, one of the issues that we had at home is we were by ourselves, things were different, we had our family that was there now. We still had to do our work, and some people thought they had to go overboard, and they could never turn their computer off, and they were on it all the time, right? And so they were getting stressed, they were getting worn down. So, you've got to take time for yourself.

1	I don't care if you're at home, or you're back here, you've got
2	to take time for yourself. The work is going to be here, it's not going to go
3	anywhere. So, you've got to get out, and laugh a little bit, you've got to see
4	nature, you've got to take that deep breath, and just decompress, just do
5	something that's fun, or watch something that's funny, and share experiences
6	with the people that you're in daily contact with, right?
7	One of the things that I found very valuable to me as a
8	Commissioner was sharing with people who worked with me. And they got,
9	all of a sudden you saw oh my gosh, you're going through the same stuff I'm
10	going through, right? And that helps them, it opens up those personal
11	relationship opportunities, right? And I think that's going to be the thing that's
12	going to help us when we come back together, is that will actually help relieve
13	some stress, those personal interactions at the water cooler, and stuff. So,
14	take care of yourself.
15	CHAIRMAN HANSON: I would dare say that a funny thing
16	happened on the way to the RIC, belongs in probably the hall of fame of RIC
17	speeches just for those of you, and I think it is available out there on the
18	Microsoft streaming site. Wes is nodding at me back there in the background,
19	he's giving me the thumbs up, so people can check that out. Commissioner
20	Baran?
21	COMMISSIONER BARAN: That was well said, I don't
22	have anything to add.
23	CHAIRMAN HANSON: Great, thanks.
24	MR. VAZQUEZ: Given the potential exodus of staff who
25	have not provided proof of getting vaccinated, or do not wish to return to the

office, what efforts has the agency taken to prepare for a potentially significant

1 loss of staff in the near future?

CHAIRMAN HANSON: Well, let me say first of all, the intention isn't to lose any staff at all. We want people to come back to work, to get vaccinated, to be healthy. To get vaccinated to the extent that their preexisting health conditions, and their religious beliefs allow. And so Dan can talk about specific plans, of course we also have some demographic imperatives in the agency itself that have caused us to look at staffing.

So, I think we're not starting from scratch on any of that, but I do want to come back to this idea that, the idea here isn't to force anybody out, or to feel like they have to leave. We really do want folks to be healthy, to come back, to stay safe.

MR. DORMAN: Thanks chairman, and I'll agree with that, and reinforce that the objective here is to have everybody safe, and everybody back. But we do hear these concerns coming forward from the staff, and there are folks who are concerned that they can't get through this process, and be true to themselves, and come back to the office. So, I think as we go through the next few weeks, and couple of months, we'll see where we're at.

But I think the conversations with the offices, there may be impacts to our current FTE availability, but for the core mission of the agency, we expect to have all the resources we need to continue to do that. We may need to do some prioritizing on the sides while we look to go out, and recruit if we need to, to the extent we need to, I know we're going to need to, because our normal attrition, we need to hire 200 people a year, but I'm confident that we will get through this, and sustain our mission, I hope everybody can come along with us.

1	MS. DUNSAVAGE: Some NRC staff are trying to silence
2	other staff by labeling differing views as misinformation. This appears
3	contrary to NRC's Challenger and Columbia shuttle disaster training on the
4	tragic consequences of group think. What will this Commission do to
5	embrace, and encourage differing view, and the need to seriously consider

6 information that is not mainstream?

CHAIRMAN HANSON: That's a good question. Group think is real, it happens, we've seen it throughout history. I think that this agency actually does a good job of trying to avoid that. But we're also an agency that is founded on data, and the idea that even when there are error bands, that there is such a thing as objective reality. And so there is a tension there that I'll just acknowledge that has to be considered as we think about some of these things. I don't know what --

MR. DORMAN: Yeah, thank you Chairman, and I appreciate the question. I think one of the things that Margie focused on early in her tenure, and I will continue in my tenure, is you mentioned decision making, and a focus on our decision making. But particularly early in the process to welcome all the views on the decision that's before us, and to have an environment where we not only desire, we expect, and welcome the full spectrum of views as we develop the information that we need to make the decision that's before us.

So, it's painful to hear that some people are not having that experience, but that is our focus, and our priority, and will continue to be so. So, I think the question I take as a challenge to continue to work with the agency's leadership to make sure that we're building, and sustaining that environment.

COMMISSIONER BARAN: I would just add, as I was
listening to the question, I wasn't exactly sure what we were talking about. In
all my time here, there have been a lot of on issues with our substantive
missions, safety and security issues that I've seen differing views on a lot of
issues, and I've always welcomed them. It's terrific to get all the views on
these issues, and I think all the commissioners feel that way.

Sometimes it's through the formal processes we have, if you have a differing view, or a nonconcurrence, sometimes it's -- as the trend is, I think in the staff papers, which I think is a very positive thing, just having the discussion within the paper of not all the staff agrees with this position. Here is another view with some detail about what that view is, and over the years I've met many times, folks who had those different views, and learned a lot from them, and sometimes I've ended up agreeing with them, sometimes I haven't, but it's definitely enriched the discussion.

In all that time, I don't know that I've ever heard a differing view called misinformation, which kind of makes me think this question is really more of a vaccine type question, because I don't know that I've ever heard that terminology on our mission related type issues. And there, here's the reality, I'm not a doctor, Chris is not a doctor, Dave is not a doctor, Dan is not a doctor. So, and if we pull out that org chart, probably very few medical doctors at the top of the hierarchy of this agency.

So, where are we going to get our information about vaccine safety? We're going to go to CDC, where the nation's experts reside on those types of issues. And of course, the information there is that it's safe, and effective. And people can have different views about that, but I'm going to rely on CDC to tell me what the data shows. I'm not going to try to interpret

the data myself, and dig through some website, and come up with some idea.

I'm going to rely on what CDC says, and I think as an agency, that's what we need to do. We are an agency that's obviously based on science and technology, and I think that's the responsible thing to do. And if that's the nature of the question, then I do think we kind of get more into the factual reality part of what the Chairman said, and the part we were talking about there with the embracing all the views the staff has on our substantive mission issues.

COMMISSIONER WRIGHT: And I guess if it's not that, one of the things I think that's really important for the staff to understand, because I'll speak for myself, maybe the other commissioners wouldn't agree, sometimes when you have differing views, they can be put forth as an option for consideration by the Commission, if it happens to be in a paper. Like they did, I think with ROP enhancement, right? There was a differing view that was in there.

So, if there's those opportunities, I think that's great. One thing I have noticed at the agency here, since I've been here, we've tried to expand on the team focus of trying to, when we start attacking new things, ideas, issues, whatever, and if everybody's involved early, Dan like you said, and you can massage all that stuff as it's going, one, it might limit differing views, because they feel a part, and in the end really only one decision can be made, right?

But if there's the opportunity for options to be put in there that covers the basis, take advantage of it.

MR. VAZQUEZ: Okay, we're looking at the clock, and it looks like this will be the final question before we hear from NTEU. So, final

- question, is there any news on when two additional commissioners may be added?
- 3 COMMISSIONER BARAN: I can take this one, no.
- 4 CHAIRMAN HANSON: I'm just going to go with that, I'm 5 going to go with Commissioner Baran. We know that Congress in its wisdom 6 created the NRC with five commissioners, but we're, even when we don't 7 always disagree about everything, I really value the working relationship, and 8 the personal relationships I have with both my colleagues, and I think we're 9 getting the job done in the meantime. And when the President is ready to 10 nominate people, and the U.S. Senate is ready to confirm them, we will 11 welcome them with open arms, and I will enthusiastically swear them into the 12 job to help us do the commission's business.
- 13 COMMISSIONER BARAN: That was better than my 14 answer.

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- CHAIRMAN HANSON: I liked your answer. So, with that, can I welcome Sheryl Sanchez from NTEU? Sheryl, it's always nice to see you, and we welcome your remarks today.
- MS. SANCHEZ: Thank you. Good morning Chairman Hanson, Commissioners Baran and Wright, and congratulations to our new EDO Dan Dorman. For the first time ever since I've been doing this, I'm asking you to have a little patience and grace with me. I have not prepared any remarks, but during the meeting, I did make note of a few points that I would like to cover. So, I will, if you show me a little grace, I will take less than my allotted time, and then we can get on with our day.
- Probably the most important thing, other than the fact that

 I'm much older, thinner, and grayer than last year, that has happened between

- last year, and now, is that we have a new collective bargaining agreement.
- 2 After over seven months of bargaining every other week, we have a new CBA
- 3 which was ratified by a vote of our members on September 14th, and it will be
- 4 effective on November 14th. So, a few highlights from this, I would like to run
- 5 through a few of the high-level highlights.

We prevented the agency from expanding its discretion when approving or denying telework. All approvals, and denials of telework must be based on telework not diminishing the employee's performance, or agency operations, applicable law of regulation, and the provisions of the article. We removed the safety net for first line supervisors who denied telework.

Before, they were protected from not being grieved, but now the denial is grievable at step A. We added timeliness goals on telework applications for requests of three days telework, or less per week, the agency has 15 days, and for more than three days, the agency has 30. We expanded the potential for special circumstances telework to be greater than six months. We clarified the provisions regarding weather and safety leave.

Full time teleworkers can use weather and safety leave should the need arise. We made sure the bargaining team was well represented to negotiate regional issues. We had three regional representatives on the bargaining team, along with two headquarters representatives, a note taker, and two representatives from our NTEU national office. Among the things we gained for the regions was the agency's agreement that they will provide the chapter with an enclosed office at any region where the agency has notified NTEU that it is eliminating private office spaces for NRC employees.

vaccine mandate impact and implementation. So far, we have agreed on a parking memorandum of understanding, but that is all we have agreed on so far. I would like to rely on my team, because I'm going to say that NTEU respectfully does not agree that it's time to return. I was very saddened

We are currently bargaining reentry, which includes the

6 yesterday to hear of Colin Powell's death from COVID, as he is fully

7 vaccinated.

We are not seeing many employees excited about coming back, but we are seeing much fear, and anxiety, and I will let you know NTEU is also here for you. We are a resource, come to us, we are here to help. As I said, the only thing we've agreed on thus far in our reentry bargaining is the parking MOU. But I would like to read a brief email when we submitted our last reentry proposal to the agency, this email was written by our national field rep, who is an attorney, and I would just like to rely on her words to let you know NTEU's position.

So, we've attached the counter offer to the reentry MOU. The chapter wants to emphasize to the agency, the importance of allowing employees to remain on full time telework during the pandemic. There are still significant health risks with contracting COVID, even if the employee is vaccinated, and the D.C. area is still under a mask mandate. Although the agency has asserted it believes that it's safe to return to work, the chapter disagrees that this is the case.

As we have not seen any evidence of mass indoor gatherings being safe, even for vaccinated people. Furthermore, being ordered back into the physical workplace is a source of significant employee concern, and lack of morale. And the chapters heard nothing but extreme

work. Although the chapter understands that there is a reentry date, they would like again to assert that agencies comparable to NRC are not planning

concern from employees who are being told they have to return in person to

4 to bring back employees into the workplace, and the Safer Federal Workplace

5 Task Force has emphasized liberal use of telework to cope with the pandemic.

As I said, we are not really seeing employees that are excited about coming to work, we are really seeing a lot of fear, and anxiety, and NTEU respectfully asserts that office coverage can be done in the office, or remotely. I believe that I'm covering the union office better, sometimes 24/7. I mean I believe I'm covering the office better in this environment than I was when I was in the office, and someone would come down, and they were upset, and they had a problem, and I was in a meeting, and I couldn't get back to them until I got back in an hour, or whatever from the meeting.

Now, I can send an email, and say calm down, breathe, or a text, it's not as bad, we've seen this before, we got you, we'll give you a great steward. I mean I, we respectfully do believe that you can either -- granted, some employees do not have jobs that are fully portable, and at some point they will have to acknowledge that they will have to be in the office. But we do not think that this is the point. So, on that note, NTEU is preparing, and helping employees with their telework packages.

We are suggesting for employees that are seeking the six months of full-time special circumstances telework post reentry date, we are actually suggesting that employees also, there's nothing to prevent you from doing this, also submit an additional telework request as a safety net. I would like to give a big shout out, and my eternal gratitude to Josh Kaizer, who is a steward, who has taken on the initial initiative, and we are here to help you,

so reach out to us if you are feeling that you need the help.

Okay, so finally, because a lot of employees have asked me this, so I felt like I needed to put it out here, with respect to the approval, which for this period of time, the six months post reentry, the approval level for the special circumstances telework has been delegated down to the office director, or the regional administrators. Employees have asked me about HIPAA, because they've been requested to provide the medical documentation for the special circumstances, because it has to be due to personal incapacitation, or a hardship.

So, they are saying can the agency require me to submit this information to my office director, or regional administrator, isn't that against HIPAA? And what I would like to clarify, that HIPAA does not apply to employers. But the agency can only share your information with those who need to know, and in this case, that would be the approver. And so if your office director is going to approve, then they do have a need to know. So, yes, they can in fact ask you to submit that.

But there has to be a balance between a safe workplace, but your privacy. Your privacy will be protected, but the decision maker does need to know that, and they will be, and they can ask that. So, in conclusion I would like to thank our team, our stewards work hard every day, our labor partners work hard every day. NTEU is here for all of our 1800 plus bargaining unit employees.

Come to us if you need help with anything. Also, a shameless plug, if you think that we can be doing something better, please jump in, tell us your better idea. Offer to help us, we would love to have more help. But I do thank the bargaining unit employees for their support, it's been

- a really challenging couple months for our team. I thank you all for the
- support, and the encouragement that you've shown the whole NTEU team,
- including me, but I really appreciate you all, and thank you for allowing me to
- 4 speak, and being gracious that I hadn't prepared my remarks. Have a great
- 5 day you all.
- 6 CHAIRMAN HANSON: Thank you Sheryl, very, very much
- 7 for those remarks. I couldn't tell that they weren't prepared. So, with that,
- 8 I'd like to start with thank yous, and I'll end with them as well. Thanks to Dan,
- 9 and the EDO team, congratulations again on your appointment. Thanks to
- Kathleen, and Justin in the room here, our question readers. Thank you very,
- very much to the workforce. The Safe Workplace team Mark Lombard, Mary,
- and Marian Zobler, Darrell Roberts, so many others, thanks again to OCIO,
- Amin that are facilitating our transition, and have really made it possible for us
- to do as much remotely as we've been able to do.
- Thank you to all of the employees at the NRC for your
- flexibility, your professionalism, and your integrity during what have really
- been pretty trying times. And finally, thanks again to my colleagues. With
- that, we're adjourned.
- 19 (Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went off the record
- 20 at 12:00 p.m.)