## UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

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# BRIEFING ON EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY, AFFIRMATIVE EMPLOYMENT, AND SMALL BUSINESS

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#### WEDNESDAY,

#### **DECEMBER 14, 2022**

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The Commission met in the Commissioners' Conference Room, 11555 Rockville Pike, Rockville, Maryland, at 10:00 a.m. EST, Christopher T. Hanson, Chairman, presiding.

**COMMISSION MEMBERS:** 

CHRISTOPHER T. HANSON, Chair

JEFF BARAN, Commissioner

DAVID A. WRIGHT, Commissioner

ANNIE CAPUTO, Commissioner

BRADLEY R. CROWELL, Commissioner

ALSO PRESENT:

BROOKE P. CLARK, Secretary of the Commission

MARIAN ZOBLER, General Counsel

#### NRC STAFF:

AMANDA BLACK, Chair, Federal Women's Program Advisory Committee

ANTHONY BRIGGS, Small Business Program Manager, Office of Small

Business & Civil Rights

DANIEL DORMAN, Executive Director for Operations

JACK GIESSNER, Regional Administrator, Region III

MARY LAMARY, Chief Human Capital Officer

VONNA ORDAZ, Director, Office of Small Business & Civil Rights

MJ ROSS-LEE, Deputy Director, Division of Safety Systems, Office of

**Nuclear Reactor Regulation** 

#### ALSO PRESENT:

SHERYL SANCHEZ, President, National Treasury Employees Union Chapter 208

### PROCEEDINGS

| 1  | 10:00 a.m.   |
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| 2  | CHAIR HANSON: Good morning, everyone. I am                                   |
| 3  | convening the Commission's public meeting on human capital and equal         |
| 4  | opportunity employment. Twice a year, we get to meet and have an update      |
| 5  | on significant human capital initiatives and equal employment opportunities. |
| 6  | Our last meeting was in June of this year.                                   |
| 7  | Today, we're going to be discussing topics that are very                     |
| 8  | important to ensuring NRC employees have a safe working environment          |
| 9  | where they can pursue their career goals and help the agency fulfill its     |
| 10 | mission.   |
| 11 | Before we begin the discussion this morning, I'll ask my                     |
| 12 | colleagues if they have any remarks they'd like to make. No. Okay. With      |
| 13 | that, Dan, it's over to you.   |
| 14 | MR. DORMAN: Thank you, Chair. Good morning, Chair                            |
| 15 | Hanson and Commissioners. Staff is happy to be here today to update you      |
| 16 | on the progress and accomplishments of the equal employment opportunity,     |
| 17 | affirmative employment, and small business programs.                         |
| 18 | Our strategic plan goals provide a framework for                             |
| 19 | accomplishing our safety and security mission with excellence. And while     |
| 20 | our workforce is resilient, over the past several years, the pandemic,       |
| 21 | telework, and reentry have challenged our agency with respect to another     |
| 22 | strategic goal, our organizational health.                                   |
| 23 | In order to continue to effectively carry out our mission, we                |
| 24 | must foster a healthy organization. That includes ensuring that as we        |

1 make decisions, we take into account a diverse range of backgrounds,

2 experiences, and views, as well as ensuring that people feel free to share

those views. Focusing on these efforts will strengthen our resilience, help

4 us to recruit and maintain a highly-capable, adaptable, and diverse

5 workforce, and ensure that we continue to successfully achieve our mission.

The good news is we have key resources in place to support these efforts. Our leadership model, speed of trust, our desired culture team will help us to fulfill our mission while adhering to the principles of good regulation and our organizational values.

We also have another critically important resource to help us as we navigate through these challenges: the Office of Small Business and Civil Rights. They help us carry out our obligations under the various civil rights and small business statutes. But more than that, they are a key part of the team in promoting and supporting new and ongoing efforts to recruit, develop, and retain a diverse workforce and build a fair, equitable, and inclusive environment.

Today's discussion will demonstrate our continued commitment to ensuring the NRC is an organization that nurtures and supports diversity, equity, inclusion, and accessibility, and believes that small businesses are key partners in accomplishing our important safety and security mission.

Now I'd like to introduce my fellow presenters. First, Vonna Ordaz, Director of the Office of Small Business and Civil Rights, will provide an overview of the equal employment opportunity, diversity and inclusion, and small business programs, including senior leadership's

- commitment to face challenges head on. She will be followed by Anthony
- 2 Briggs, our agency Small Business Program Manager in SBCR, who will
- 3 discuss the important role that small businesses have in helping the NRC
- 4 achieve our mission and the innovative partnerships and ideas that our small
- 5 business program has on helping us build our resilience.
- Then Jack Giessner, our Region III Regional Administrator,
- 7 will discuss some of the challenges our regions are facing and how they
- 8 have responded and the important steps that they are taking to rebuild
- 9 connections and trust with our workforce. Jack will be followed by MJ Ross
- Lee, Deputy Director in the Division of Safety Systems in NRR, who will
- discuss some of the important steps NRR is taking to foster a more diverse,
- equitable, inclusive and accessible environment that will enable them to
- continue to successfully achieve the mission.
- 14 Amanda Black, the Chair of the Federal Women's Program
- 15 Advisory Committee, will discuss the important role that our equal
- employment opportunity advisory committees and affinity groups have at our
- 17 agency, some of their accomplishments, and how they will continue to
- support our efforts going forward. And, finally, Mary Lamary, Chief Human
- Capital Officer, will provide an update on our efforts to build and support that
- 20 highly-capable, adaptable, and engaged workforce that we need to
- 21 accomplish our mission with excellence.
- This concludes my introductory remarks, and I'll turn it over
- to Vonna.
- MS. ORDAZ: Thank you, Dan. And good morning,
- 25 Chair, Commissioners, and all of our NRC family today. It's an honor to

come before you to discuss the status of equal employment opportunity and diversity, equity, inclusion, and accessibility programs at the NRC. And thank you for allowing us to bring along a few of our partners and colleagues to discuss these important topics.

Each year, when we prepare to brief you on the previous fiscal year, we like to sum everything up with a theme. So this year, as we spoke amongst the 13 of us in SBCR, I was reminded of how the year was just like being on a hike, a climb if you will, and how our endurance has been tested. We are all aware of the many challenges the agency has faced over the last few years. Like everyone else, we pivoted from the pandemic, and we were successful and extremely productive. However, it seems that the success we experienced comes at a cost. Employees have various and diverse perceptions of our new normal, which is now our current state. Since an individual's perception is their reality, our challenges have affected how we react and respond to one another.

But there is a bright spot. We see the issues. As an agency of so many amazing staff members and plenty of overachievers, we want to make it right. We want to honor diversity of existence and of thought, and we want to find our ideal culture. There will always be ups and downs, but our goals don't change. We always look up. We are resilient. This is a reality that informs the title of the briefing today and how we want to proceed with our information.

Next slide, please. So in order to overcome the challenges, we must face them. And to face the challenges, we must name them. What are we dealing with? So how do the challenges compete with

our goals and aspirations? These challenges on this slide come from the agency's performance review risk that's discussed amongst senior leaders quarterly. Also, we know there are positive things going on. How do we hone those tools for maximum effect and maximum resilience?

So everything listed here is multidimensional. And though they are all related, they each require unique combinations of tools, the correct gear if you will. So specifically for us in SBCR, the pace of change in the field of DEIA across the federal government and the status of the agency's hiring initiative, we must continue to explore and expand staff tools to educate and engage offices at a macro level and staff at the individual level. This must be done with a balance of being an independent agency and with a view of maintaining the NRC's commitment to DEIA and being a federal model EEO employer.

Next slide, please. So as we look out on the horizon of data, how do the numbers represent the challenges? Here you see several of the FEVS indices. The columns in yellow comprise the DEIA index. The FY22 FEVS was the first year that this particular index was calculated. I also have the individual pieces that go into that cumulative score. Comparatively speaking, our numbers are good, especially as compared with the federal government as a whole.

However, when we look at other data points, such as our MD-715 report that we provide to the EEO Commission, this is our agency's annual DEIA report if you will, and also the staff demographics where we see a slightly different story. Other NRC data sources reveal DEIA disparities related to women, minorities, and individuals with disabilities in areas such

- as workforce composition, position and grade levels, internal promotions,
- 2 new hires, training and developmental opportunities, retention efforts, and
- 3 separations.

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- 4 A copy of our MD-715 report and workforce tables are
- 5 included in the briefing materials and also a copy of the executive summary
- and year-end permanent staff demographic tables are also in the materials.
- 7 Next slide, please. In terms of the EEO complaints, what
- 8 do our numbers say? Steady in the climb. That's right. The agency's
- 9 EEO program has remained steady and, despite the EEO complaint activity
- spiking during the FY19 and FY20 reporting period, the agency's complaint
- activity has been consistently stable and remains low in comparison to other
- 12 federal government agencies of our size.
- With our new innovative and upgraded EEO complaints
- tracking system called EntelliTrak, we are now able to utilize our complaint
- data in ways we haven't done before. Starting in FY20, we began tracking
- the number of EEO contacts that came to our virtual or physical office. EEO
- contacts are individuals who are experiencing an issue but don't know what
- their options are. So SBCR meets with these contacts individually, listens
- to their concerns, then provides choices on where a person can go for
- 20 potential resolution. Some of these contacts simply just want to be heard.
- 21 Others may fit better within OCHCO's anti-harassment program or achieve
- 22 better communication simply by discussing the issues with their
- 23 management, and they just need a little encouragement to do so.
- So as you can see in this slide, FY22, we took in 34 EEO
- contacts, of which 22 filed an informal complaint. This means that we were

able to resolve 36 percent of the contacts without them filing an informal complaint. And of the 22 informal complaints, only 14 filed formal complaints, so we were able to resolve 36 percent of the informal complaints.

As time increases, we strive to increase that resolution rate through our customer service where possible. You can also see that the number of contacts have increased through the years, and we attribute that to our increased outreach to the agency through our Lunch and Learns, EEO and diversity training, Commission policy statements, and other proactive outreach.

So in this chart, you'll also see that our EEO complaint activity has remained consistent within the past two years and still remains less than one percent of our total workforce with pre-complaints, otherwise known as informal, and less than one percent of our workforce with formal complaints.

Next slide, please. So in reviewing the bases raised in our formal complaints for FY22, disability, race, reprisal and retaliation, sex, and age are the most cited, constituting approximately 85 percent of the formal complaint filings. While reprisal and retaliation still remain one of our most asserted bases, generally, those having prior EEO activity or opposition to an employment policy or practice over the past few years, so it should be noted that disability and race are the top two protected bases cited for this reporting period.

Compare this to FY21 data where the top two bases were reprisal and religion, followed significantly behind race and age. So this

chart reflects all bases cited in a formal complaint, which may include multiple bases.

Next slide, please. So this chart reflects all issues cited in a formal complaint, which may include multiple issues for each complaint. So harassment in the workplace is at an all-time high and remains a persistent problem for the federal sector, as reported by the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission. Situations of workplace harassment, otherwise known as hostile work environment, are highly stressful and affect the health of employees in negative ways. It's reported that workplace harassment too often goes unaddressed, where employees who experience harassment fail to report the harassing behavior or file a complaint because they fear disbelief of their claim, inaction of their claim, blame, or social and professional retaliation.

However, we continue to work with our partners in OCHCO, OGC, and the Office of the Inspector General to cultivate a civil workplace that's free from all forms of harassing behavior and misconduct, discrimination, and also retaliation. So building resilience and having empathy for others is the first essential step to protecting one's health.

Next slide, please. So what do the numbers tell us as a whole? In our analysis, we could say everything is great, we're right down the middle, not too bad or not too good, or we could go a little deeper. If the FEVS addresses attitudes and other data measures' actions, it could be that the data is saying we believe in the principles of DEIA and we believe in ourselves, but we haven't done enough to put it into action. Perhaps our walk lags behind our talk in some areas. And perhaps complaint activity

has plateaued because everybody is completely satisfied, or it could be due
 to uncertainty.

We've come to realize how uncertainty and ambiguity have affected our employees in so many ways. Uncertainty and the many forces outside of our control often affect our work-life balance and tends to manifest higher anxiety, depression, stress, and burnout. So this can lead to decreased engagement, lower productivity, increased absenteeism, you know, physical health issues, sense of hopelessness, even declining mental health issues, which can all be drivers for our EEO complaint activity and contribute to higher than normal attrition.

So SBCR's role in the resilience of this agency is to be an example. We are here to provide guidance, to assist offices with strategies to address challenges, listen to individuals' concerns, provide support, and provide perspectives.

In building a resilient workplace culture, we hope that employees will embody those essential characteristics in this illustration and that we do our part through individual-level employee programs, policies, trainings, and organizational-level approaches that enable them to withstand hardship, dynamic environments, sudden changes, or difficult or stressful situations. So we don't take lightly the confidence that the staff puts in us. We want to continue providing support at all levels in serving as a resource.

Next slide, please. So this is a quote from Mary Church
Terrell, the well-known African-American activist who championed racial
equality and women's suffrage in the late 19th and early 20th century. Her
strategy was based on the power of equal opportunities to advance the race

and her belief that, as one succeeds, the whole race would be elevated. So her words lifting as we climb began the motto of the National Association of

3 Colored Women.

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So how do we do this in our agency? We work to lift as we climb through grassroots efforts starting in SBCR to working on various policy statements on EEO, ADR, diversity and inclusion as endorsed by the Chair. And here's some examples of how we lift ourselves and each other to overcome the challenges mentioned earlier to climb the mountain and to advance our programs in the agency's organizational culture: By hosting our EEO diversity training for managers, supervisors, and now team leaders with OGC and OCHCO. We do a number of Lunch and Learns on various EEO and civil rights activities and topics. We host periodic discussions on inclusive diversity strategic plan items with offices and others. We lead the way as ambassadors promoting inclusive language throughout the agency. We share our revised policy guidance on the use of time in EEO complaint process, which is brand new and updated. We provide newly-revised electronic EEO program posters and EEO complaint process flowcharts across the agency and provide limited English proficiency services for the And we're restoring one of our signature programs called DIALOGUE, which stands for Diversity Inclusion Awareness Leading Organization Growth, Understanding, and Engagements, which will be returning in the new year. A lot of words there, I know.

Next slide, please. So in closing, I'd like to thank our approximately 200 volunteers, including our committee and resource group members, the NRC's Technical Women's Network, Blacks in Government,

- 1 EEO counselors, DIALOGUE ambassadors, and inclusive language
- 2 ambassadors. Many of them are here today and online, as well.
- 3 Everyday, these amazing volunteers come up with creative and innovative
- 4 ways to celebrate and appreciate our diversity of which you'll hear more
- 5 about later.
- 6 Special thanks to SBCR staff who are my heroes on a daily
- 7 basis and to Larniece McKoy Moore for her coordination of this briefing.
- 8 And, finally, I want to thank you, Chair Hanson, for
- 9 modeling inclusive behavior with your title change from Chairman to Chair,
- your support for women in STEM internationally and domestically, and your
- continuous support to our EEO advisory committees and other initiatives.
- And thank you, Commissioners, for continuously attending and participating
- in committee events and your expressed interest in DEIA. Indeed, the
- 14 Commission models the way for the rest of the agency, and we appreciate
- 15 **you**.
- So now I will turn it over to Anthony Briggs.
- MR. BRIGGS: Thank you, Vonna. Good morning, Chair
- and Commissioners. I want to begin with something akin to a state of the
- union address by addressing the state of small business here at the NRC. I
- 20 believe this is important because it's been a year since our last briefing. We
- 21 have a new commissioner that has joined us, a familiar face has returned --
- welcome back -- and small businesses play a vital role in supporting agency
- 23 **operations**.
- First, I want to touch on why small businesses are
- 25 important to both the economy and the agency. Small businesses create

the majority of net new jobs added to the economy, represent many of the risk-takers that innovate and develop new technologies, are essential to maintaining a competitive supplier base where competition can thrive. They dedicate senior management to agency contracts to ensure success and are flexible with the NRC's evolving needs, thereby ensuring agency success in how we carry out our mission.

Second, I want to highlight how small businesses are supporting us by showcasing just a few examples of where small businesses are supporting agency operations. Beginning with the top right picture on the slide above, they are maintaining the operations center; they have modernized our ethics gateway system; support the badging office and cardreaders; provide Office 365 training on the tools that can enhance the way we do business; provide multimedia and webcast support; help us carry out the RIC event; and are helping us explore how virtual reality, augmented reality, and mixed reality can benefit the technical training courses.

Third, I want to mention what we are doing to help companies that are interested in conducting business with the NRC. The Small Business Program provides really a hands-on approach to helping companies navigate the federal procurement process. We help them market their products and services to the agency, provide resources that aid the business development needs and new entrants to the federal marketplace, and we match company capabilities with NRC prime and subcontract opportunities.

Next slide, please. We try to view any challenges we have or the small business community may be facing as an opportunity

really to provide solutions. Our passion for what we do really drives this, but we must temper this with a cautiously optimistic viewpoint because some of those challenges are expected to grow. So I highlighted three of the challenges we are facing from a small business perspective that will not deter us but serve to motivate us to design and deliver resilient solutions.

First, the better we do with agency small business goal achievements the higher the agency's goals are increased by the Small Business Administration, also known as SBA. This is the agency that is charged with that authority. This has resulted in SBA continuing to move the goal line, and we are approaching assignment of some of the highest goals in the federal government, and achieving those goals is going to become progressively more difficult.

Second, we face evolving internal and external stakeholder needs. Internal stakeholders, here I'm referring to really anybody involved directly in the buying process. While their needs have changed as we've transitioned to a majority virtual working environment, adopted new tools under Office 365, hired new staff, and focused our efforts towards innovation and modernization in how we carry out our work. External stakeholders, and now I'm referring to the business community, their needs have also changed as they are requesting additional resources to aid in their search for business opportunities and new entrants are joining the marketplace in record numbers that are unaware of really where to start.

Third, removing barriers for small businesses to contracting with the federal government has been a focus on OMB, and they are asking small business offices to do more when it comes to engaging with

industry and educating them on how to conduct business with the federal government. Government contracting can appear a daunting task for any business to undertake, especially for companies that have never done it.

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Next slide, please. So we just discussed some of our challenges, so the question becomes, well, what are we doing about it? So let's talk about three of the things that we are doing that are grounded in innovative solutions and partnerships. First, agency-wide collaboration among the Acquisition Management Division, Office of the General Counsel, the program offices, the Technical Training Center and Regions has been one of our greatest assets. The small business program has positioned itself to really be the easy button when it comes to an agency product or For example, we help agency buyers find capable service need. companies, explore government-wide contracting vehicles, and facilitate streamlined contracting options that can save both time and money. This approach is grounded in our partnership with the Acquisition Management Division. We provide them the support where they need it, thereby adding value; and this really has become the key ingredient to maximizing opportunities for small businesses.

Second, adapting to stakeholder needs is critical as we strive towards removing barriers to federal contracting and modernizing the way we do business. Through crowdsourcing efforts, we have found that the biggest barriers to federal contracting are where to start and who can help small businesses find opportunities. And that's really why we developed the help desk support and established vendor counseling sessions, which are now virtual for wider audience reach.

We also have dedicated help desk support, and we created this to answer the question "Where do I start?" And then we have vendor counseling sessions that really go into a deeper dive on how to identify prime and subcontract opportunities. We also are continuing to enhance the resources we have available online and are producing an innovation channel that will showcase innovative products and services to view on demand.

Third, we've established strategic partnerships with our federal small business office counterparts to explore best practices, benchmark small business goal achievements, and discuss federal laws and procedures that can maximize opportunities for small businesses. For example, we're an active member of the Small Business Procurement Advisory Council, this is led by SBA, and another group that is led by the small business office directors and managers throughout the federal government that meet on a monthly basis.

Next slide, please. So what has been the return on investment for some of our work? Well, there are three accomplishments I want to briefly highlight. First, we received an SBA scorecard letter grade of A-plus for fiscal year '21, which is an increase from an A from the preceding year. Now, the scorecard measures the agency's efforts towards achieving prime and subcontract small business goals, as well as compliance, technical assistance, and outreach efforts and activities performed by the small business program. Our fiscal year '22 scorecard is set to be released next summer, as SBA does not typically freeze the data until the following year.

Second, we were recognized as one of the top performers
in the federal government for achieving no lower than an A on our SBA
scorecard for ten consecutive years, and we ranked third in the federal

government for overall fiscal year '21 scorecard performance.

Finally, in fiscal year '22, which recently ended, I'm happy to report that the agency achieved all five of its small business prime contract goals, including the small, disadvantaged business goal that was significantly increased this past fiscal year, and more than doubled the goal for companies owned by service-disabled veterans and women, as well as companies located in historically underutilized business zones.

Now, these accomplishments do not happen by accident. These achievements are a result of a targeted and collaborative effort among all of our partners that we have the pleasure to work with here at the agency. Their support and buy-in is vital to our success and should be commended. Therefore, I want to thank our partners that are here today and that are watching online from the Acquisition Management Division, the Office of General Counsel, the program offices, the Technical Training Center, and Regions. Thank you for working with us to make it happen. Essentially, a collective effort working towards a common goal.

That includes my portion of the presentation. I now turn it over to Jack Giessner, Regional Administrator for Region III. Thank you.

MR. GIESSNER: Thank you, Tony. Good morning, Chair Hanson and Commissioners. It's my pleasure to be here with you to represent Region III and talk about our initiatives. With me today is Diana Betancourt. Diana is our co-chair for Diversity Management Advisory

- 1 Committee and also our team leader for Allegations Enforcement. And
- 2 Dana Bax. Dana is our technical assistant for the Division of Resource
- 3 Management Administration.
- I want to share our challenges and the resilience of our people, how we accomplish our mission, and our focus on the future.
- 6 Next slide, please. Approximately six years ago, Region
- 7 III leadership engaged the staff and created teams that developed actions to
- 8 help us work more efficiently and effectively. The teams also focus on
- 9 further strengthening our culture. Engagement to us meant being together,
- building relationships in person. The pandemic abruptly changed that in
- 11 March of 2020 when we went to mandatory telework. We focused on
- accomplishing the mission, but it looked very different from how we usually
- conducted business. No in person activities occurred in the region. Our
- resident inspectors spent less time on site, and we reduced on-site material
- and reactor inspections. Mission-essential functions, such as conducting
- operator licensing activities, were completed but were very challenging.
- Next slide, please. The top picture shows our main
- conference room which stayed empty for over two years, but we continued to
- 19 perform inspection activities requiring on-site presence with appropriate
- precautions. At the bottom left, Julie Winslow from NRR and Kevin Barclay
- 21 from Region III supported a special inspection team at Davis-Besse. That
- resulted in a white finding related to their emergency diesel generators.
- At the bottom right, Sara Forster on a nuclear materials
- 24 inspection conducts independent radiological measurements in a University
- 25 of Missouri building.

Next slide, please. As I noted, some regional functions
required in-person presence. However, we were forced to change our
business processes to accomplish much of our work remotely. At the top,
Ming Luo, one of our IT specialists, is working remotely supporting a Perry

5 Nuclear Plant exercise, not from the incident response center. At bottom,

6 Ryan Craffey is working remotely conducting a material inspection.

Next slide, please. Our day-to-day engagement for the majority of our people shifted from in-person discussions, hall chatter, coffee klatches, to, well that. And we're used to it. We're proficient at using Teams.

In addition to the challenges brought upon us by the pandemic, there were other challenges. Next slide, please. Although not NRC-mission related issues, outside events occurred that really impacted us, as well as our country. The killing of George Floyd and violence experienced by black people, Asian Americans, and Jewish people, as well as the January 6th attack on the Capitol, had a profound impact on us. The challenge of these events in a COVID environment made it especially difficult to make connections, to hear each other, and to understand and appreciate what people were going through. We needed to create space for people to share and learn.

Next slide, please. We made it a priority to be connected, albeit remotely, to educate ourselves and hear one another. We held unconscious bias workshops and aimed at increasing awareness about ourselves, realizing we all have biases, and our responsibility in evaluating and adjusting our behaviors, as needed, to create a respectful work

1 environment.

Region III diversity and inclusion statement and our norms. I'll share those in an upcoming slide. We also held open forums to provide an opportunity for us to express our thoughts and views on the social unrest that was

The outcome of these sessions was a development of a

- 6 occurring. Some discussions were very sensitive, and I appreciate SBCR
- 7 supporting us with facilitators. Some people shared their selves, and it was
- 8 one of the most touching and inspiring times that I experienced.
  - Next slide, please. Here's our diversity and inclusion statement. To me, it's inspiring. Let me highlight three things. First, the key item to create a safe environment is the acceptance of an individual's uniqueness, being respectful. Second, my most important message is that the mission is accomplished most effectively when diversity and inclusion are present. Our organizational health is a measure of how well we relate to one another. Some people feel that culture and diversity are separate from the mission. I don't believe this is true. When people are included and when we have diverse perspectives, we best accomplish the mission. Finally, building meaningful relationships and sharing perspectives is enduring and has a positive impact on everyone.
  - Next slide, please. These are the Region III norms in a visual representation. These behaviors are linked to our NRC values and with attributes from our speed-of-trust training. With these norms, we continue our journey.
- Next slide, please. Resilience means adapting and moving forward during these challenging times while still accomplishing the

- 1 mission. Reentry is moving forward. We are still developing the new
- 2 normal, and we will work with the EDO and senior leadership and our union
- 3 partners to implement the appropriate recommendations from the HEART
- 4 and telework working groups.
- In addition to our reentry earlier this year, Region III is
- 6 heavily focused on a couple of other items: implementing our reorganization,
- 7 moving from three technical divisions to two technical divisions, and currently
- 8 working with GSA and the Office of Administration to move our office
- 9 hopefully in 2023.
- 10 Next slide, please. Since the Midwest COVID
- transmissions were high for the majority of spring and summer, coming
- together was difficult, but we balanced in-person activities with the staff's
- comfort of coming together. In May of 2022, the Region III Veterans
- Employee Resource Group collected items for a nonprofit organization called
- 15 PAWWS, Paws Assisting Wounded WarriorS. They provide service dogs
- for veterans with PTSD. Here, Gail Christoffer Baruch, our Veterans liaison,
- 17 is with a furry friend. Our in-person groups are currently smaller than
- pre-COVID, but we are getting together.
- Next slide, please. We continue to support diversity and
- 20 inclusion activities. Here I am with Laura Cender, our Pride Alliance
- 21 Advisory Committee liaison, next to our Pride flag in June of 2022. We
- were also proud to display the Juneteenth flag in Region III, recognizing that
- June 19th marks a major day of significance in American history.
- Next slide, please. Here's the picture, the first picture
- from the Region III Hispanic heritage event in October '22. It's the first

- in-person diversity celebration since the pandemic started. We have less
- 2 people attending, as I said. However, all are welcome at our table in person
- 3 or virtually.
- 4 Next slide, please. This is my favorite slide because
- 5 being resilient means you have to adapt, sometimes quickly, to current
- 6 changing environment. Here's a coffee klatch that was supposed to be
- done in person, but, because the Midwest shifted to high, we shifted to a
- 8 hybrid event. Some people in the office with donuts and coffee, masked
- 9 and distanced, some remote. We had small virtual and in-person
- discussions, getting to know each other with topics as simple as what's your
- 11 favorite movie of all time and why.
- So where do we go from here? Next slide, please. We
- have three groups working together focusing on desired culture and
- 14 inclusive environment. There are the desired culture team, engagement
- council, and our Diversity Management Advisory Committee, which we call
- 16 **DMAC**.
- Next slide, please. We are working together building our
- new vision and goals. Our draft vision focuses on an energized team and a
- 19 high-trust environment with shared norms where diversity and inclusion are
- essential to the mission and our goals focus on continuing our risk-informed
- journey and building the future with our people.
- 22 Next slide, please. Finally, our people. The first picture
- was taken in 2019 pre-COVID. We haven't had a group that big in our
- office since. Of that group, in 2019, 20 percent are no longer with the
- region. The two other pictures are new employees during their oaths of

- office. I'm excited to say these new folks, over 40 since the pandemic
- started, are energized and ready to take part in our engagement journey.
- Thank you. I'll now turn it over to MJ.
- 4 MS. ROSS-LEE: Thank you, Jack. Good morning,
- 5 Chair, Commissioners. Thank you for the opportunity to brief you today on
- 6 the Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation's activities, which are focusing on
- supporting diversity, inclusion, equity, and accessibility, highlighting how we
- 8 are all different but working together on the same mission.
- 9 Next slide, please. NRR aims to foster a more trusting,
- 10 vibrant, diverse, equity, inclusive, and accessible environment. We
- 11 recognize that improving our diversity, equity, inclusion, and accessibility
- moves us towards our ideal culture and achieves outcomes that enable us to
- 13 successfully accomplish our mission. To support the established goals,
- NRR has developed a diversity, equity, inclusion, accessibility workplace
- plan, which using a phased approach that utilizes transformative thinking
- and active engagement by all NRR staff.
- The first phase was to assess and facilitate by engaging
- leadership. The second was to build trust by engaging staff. The third is a
- continuous commitment to the goals set forth by the office.
- 20 In addition, NRR has created a glossary of terms and
- 21 methods for dialogue, including identifying dialogue ambassadors
- throughout the office, which can be found on the diversity, equity, inclusion,
- and accessibility SharePoint page to complement this plan.
- We have shared all of this with the NRR staff and
- 25 frequently discuss in various forums. The site has had almost 350 views.

Next slide, please. So what actions has NRR done this past year to put the plan into action? Focusing on the key steps of awareness, participation, and engagement. For awareness, over the past two years, NRR has held quarterly town hall type discussions for staff on topics such as diversity in the workplace, inclusion in the workplace, multi-generational teams, microaggressions, gaslighting, and a panel for

discussion on exploring diversity.

In the area of participation, these discussions are widely attended by NRR staff, typically over 200 attendees, and they have resulted in lively and productive discussions among staff there. In engagement, NRR currently has three SES serving as executive sponsors and 36 staff as members on the various agency advisory and affinity groups, such as the Advisory Committee for Employees with Disabilities, Asian-Pacific American Advisory Committee, Federal Women's Program Advisory Committee, and Blacks in Government.

We have proactively sought out members of these various groups to come to multiple NRR leadership meetings and all-hand meetings to provide an awareness of these different groups, share opportunities for participation, and solicit engagement by the staff.

Next slide, please. So what does success look like? For NRR, we continue to focus on messaging and behaviors that reflect the principles of diversity, equity, inclusion, and accessibility. NRR strives to incorporate these principles into the fabric of the office, weaving them into recruitment, succession planning, and retention activities. It takes all three of these to keep the knot strong and together.

1 For recruitment, there were 12 different NRR staff this past

2 year which supported recruiting at 12 various events, three of which were

3 focused on minority-serving institutions. Approximately one-half of the staff

4 hired last year in NRR were from minority groups, and a third of those were

5 external hires. In addition, NRR has taken a leadership role in the hiring

6 initiative to recruit and employ at NRC.

The NRR leadership teams meets at least twice a year for focused discussion on succession planning, making sure we continue to align on our goals of a diverse and inclusive leadership team. Frequently, our monthly strategy meetings include a specific discussion on how we are doing with retaining the diverse workforce we currently have, ensuring equity on opportunities for all staff. One example, NRR has looked to expand the diversity of staff who are engaged in international activities, utilizing virtual learning opportunities to ensure we have a sustainable and diverse pipeline to support the activities.

We recognize that this is an ongoing effort. There is no point in which we can say we are done, and these efforts within the office will continue.

Thank you. I will now turn it over to Amanda Black, Chair of the Federal Women's Program Advisory Committee.

MS. BLACK: Thank you, MJ. Good morning, Commissioners. I'm honored to speak to you today on behalf of the DMAC as the Chair of the Federal Women's Program Advisory Committee. At the NRC, the DMAC represents the collective voice of nine volunteer groups, eight EEO advisory committees, and one employee resource group. They

| 1 | are the Advisory Committee for African Americans, the Advisory Committee |
|---|--|
| 2 | for Employees with Disabilities, the Asian-Pacific American Advisory     |
| 3 | Committee, Diversity Advisory Committee on Ageism, Federal Women's       |
| 4 | Program Advisory Committee, Hispanic Employment Program Advisory         |
| 5 | Committee, the Native American Advisory Committee, the NRC Pride         |

The DMAC works with SBCR to support recruitment, professional development, retention, and diversity as stated in the agency's inclusive diversity strategic plan.

Alliance Advisory Committee, and the Veterans Employee Resource Group.

The NRC also has two affinity groups that support the DMAC in its efforts. They are the NRC Blacks in Government and the NRC Technical Women's Network.

This statement communicates the joint perspective of the DMAC members on matters of great interest to our constituencies and the NRC staff at large. This year, we focused on representation in celebration of all equities and communities, career developmental opportunities, and recruitment.

Next slide, please. The advisory committee and resource groups leaned on one another in several capacities with the goal of making sure all NRC employees felt represented and their voices heard. We focused on expanding collaborative efforts with agency initiative teams, employee resource groups, and affinity groups to foster an inclusive workplace environment as the agency transforms into a modern risk-informed regulator.

The agency has continued to adapt to changing protocols

and procedures by utilizing the tools available to thrive in a new work
environment. Despite technical challenges, the advisory committees and
the resource groups saw success with virtual events and presentations of
interest to all NRC employees.

In 2022, thanks to the hardworking efforts of the NRC Pride Alliance Advisory Committee, we celebrated for the first time in NRC history the flying of the Pride flag in front of the NRC headquarters building in honor of Pride Month. The NRC Pride Alliance Advisory Committee further led agency efforts in the implementation of inclusive language, including pronoun use, agency-wide.

Next slide, please. This year, the Advisory Committee for African Americans and Blacks in Government spearheaded a flag-raising event in recognition and celebration of Juneteenth with the rising of a Juneteenth flag for the first time in NRC history. The Asian-Pacific American Advisory Committee launched its first new series of CULINASIA film discussions that will provide an avenue to explore the importance of Asian cuisine on the current and future American culture while recognizing anti-Asian racism and discrimination.

The Advisory Committee for Employees with Disabilities held ongoing awareness events to educate the NRC about various disabilities, such as neurodiversity and how to hire and advance employees with disabilities in Powered by Diversity: Hiring and Advancing Employees with Disabilities.

In recognition of national days of celebration, the committees held several events. The Hispanic Employment Program

- 1 Advisory Committee hosted its first hybrid Hispanic Heritage Month
- 2 celebration with participation from Commissioners and an inspiring keynote
- 3 address by Congressman Salud Carbajal. The Diversity Advisory
- 4 Committee on Ageism celebrated Older Americans Month with Age My Way:
- 5 Staying Involved with Your Community and Working as You Get Older, in
- 6 collaboration with American Association for Retired Persons.
- 7 The Federal Women's Program Advisory Committee
- gathered in recognition of the Women's Equality Day with a presentation on
- 9 inspirational women of 2022 and connected with participants over shared
- experiences. And in honor of National K9 Veterans Day and the Veterans
- 11 Employee Resource Group sponsored a donation drive for the Montgomery
- 12 County Humane Society.
- In 2023, we look forward to continuing our support of the
- 14 agency in maintaining a diverse and inclusive workforce and providing a
- forum for dialogue on issues that are important to the principles of diversity
- and inclusion.
- 17 Next slide, please. The advisory committees and
- 18 resource group are aware of the factors presently limiting recruitment,
- retention, and promotions. We seek to ensure that women, persons with
- disability, people of color, and all individuals regardless of their age, sexual
- 21 orientation, or gender identity are receiving the developmental opportunities
- to become future leaders of the agency.
- 23 In 2022, the NRC Technical Women's Network held an
- 24 interactive workshop designed to help employees prepare high-quality
- 25 narratives for career opportunities by applying the challenge, context, action,

- result, or the CCAR, writing model. The Advisory Committee for Employees
- 2 with Disabilities also developed a one-pager for NRC supervisors to expand
- their hiring circles in USAJOBS, which included paths for individuals with
- 4 disabilities, veterans, military spouses, Native Americans, recent graduates,
- 5 and federal employees. As the NRC continues to grow and expand, the
- 6 committees and resource group will continue to support recruitment and
- 7 retention efforts with participation in hiring and community outreach.
- 8 We also look to engage with management to see that
- 9 performance-related decisions are based on non-discriminatory factors. We
- encourage NRC to continue building and maintaining relationships with
- 11 minority-serving institutions and other organizations representing minorities
- and persons with disabilities to ensure that there's a diverse pathway for
- professionals to make up future generations of agency staff.
- In conclusion, let me express my appreciation and
- 15 gratitude for your continued participation and support of the various diversity
- and inclusion efforts throughout the agency.
- Next, you will hear from Mary Lamary, Chief Human
- 18 Capital Officer. Thank you.
- MS. LAMARY: Thank you. Good morning, Chair
- 20 Hanson, Commissioners, NRC workforce, and members of the public joining
- 21 us today. Thank you for the opportunity to provide an update on the
- 22 agency's hiring efforts. I'm hopeful my presentation will make clear
- 23 OCHCO's commitment to best positioning the agency to meet its important
- safety and security mission both now and well into the future by building a
- 25 diverse and skilled workforce.

| 1 | Next slide, please. The Office of the Chief Human Capital                       |
|---|---|
| 2 | Officer employed several key strategies as we work diligently to meet the       |
| 3 | aspirational hiring goals identified in the EDO's FY 2022 hiring tasker. We     |
| 4 | work closely with office and regional senior management and hiring              |
| 5 | managers to identify and prioritize critical hiring positions; ways to expedite |
| 6 | the hiring process.   |
| 7 | For example, when feasible, we included multiple positions                      |
| 8 | in a single job announcement, proactively initiated recruitment efforts for     |

For example, when feasible, we included multiple positions in a single job announcement, proactively initiated recruitment efforts for positions expected to be vacant over the next 6 to 12 months, and reinforced the need for hiring officials to prioritize reviewing candidate packages and make timely hiring decisions. Additionally, we made a concerted effort to increase external job announcements to widen potential candidate pools.

As a result of these efforts, the agency was able to fully onboard 206 new employees with approximately 65 additional hires in various stages of completing the hiring process at the end of FY22. This is in addition to completing over a 150 internal movements through promotions or career development reassignments of current employees.

I'd like to share some demographic information highlighting the impact of these new hires on the NRC workforce.

Next slide, please. Ethnicity and race demographics for FY22 show an increase of 3.7 percent over FY21 from 37.4 percent to 41.1 percent of hires self-designated as minority. The percentage of FY22 hires with self-identified disabilities was 23.3 percent, which is almost 15 percent above NRC's current onboard workforce of 8.4 percent.

Next slide, please. In other employment categories,

veteran status and gender, the numbers are holding relatively steady with respect to the onboard workforce in these areas. 21.9 percent of FY22 hires were veterans, which is fairly consistent with 20.5 percent of onboard veterans. 38.5 percent of FY22 hires identified as female, which is slightly below our existing onboard female employment of 40.4 percent.

I'd like to note that OCHCO remains cognizant of the need to expand options and reconsider how best to collect information in the future, such that it is inclusive of those individuals who identify as non-binary or who do not identify with a male or female gender category at all.

With respect to age, the average age of FY22 hires was 36. Many of these are mid-career hires who can hit the ground running and enhance the agency's identified critical skill sets. This also complements our entry-level hiring efforts, which, over the longer term, will help to normalize the workforce and offset any future waves in attrition due to retirement. Yet, we will continue to rely on the more seasoned members of the workforce as they are critical to ensuring the agency continues to fulfill its important mission. Moreover, they are instrumental in helping the new and mid-career hires be successful through knowledge management and transfer activities, such as mentoring and on-the-job training.

Next slide, please. Our aspirational hiring target for FY 2023 is 400 external hires. This target was identified using a number of factors, including the allocation for full-time equivalent employees, critical needs, projected attrition rates, and results from an agency-wide data call for hiring. I stress that close, timely, and sustained coordination and collaboration between OCHCO and all NRC offices and regions is essential

to attaining this goal.

Next slide, please. To achieve our aspirational hiring goal of FY 2023, we have identified crucial next steps that will set the agency on the path to success. First, OCHCO is working with the Human Capital Council to identify and share criteria with the offices and regions to assist them in prioritizing hiring needs. Then the HCC will collectively review these prioritized hiring needs and develop a single agency-wide prioritized hiring strategy. This will provide for agency-wide alignment and transparency around hiring priorities and allow for the best use of resources.

Second, OCHCO will continue to work with #hireNRC. This partnership has allowed OCHCO to benefit from office and regional-level insight and assistance to improve the agency's recruitment and hiring processes. Third, within OCHCO, we realize more can be done to improve the hiring process, the customer services we are providing to offices and regions, and our interactions with our external candidates. A targeted enhancement of our communication efforts, streamlining processes, and employing improved technologies, increasing our outreach and engagement will serve as our springboard for this improvement. To do this, we are working with the Office of the Executive Director for Operations to identify and secure resources necessary for OCHCO to begin undertaking these important actions in the immediate future.

Next, to be competitive in recruiting external candidates, the agency needs to modernize its approach to marketing, outreach, and recruitment activities. This includes updating our marketing materials to be more current and adopting recruitment applications that employ data

- analytics to help us be more strategic and informed in our outreach and recruitment activities.
- Lastly, as an agency, we must simultaneously focus on retention and career development and enhancement efforts. Our current workforce is the backbone of our agency and an invaluable asset which must be sustained, supported, and nurtured.
- 7 Thank you for the opportunity to meet with you today. I 8 turn it back over to Dan Dorman.

- MR. DORMAN: Thank you, Mary. I'd like to close out today's remarks by expressing my gratitude to the staff and management in the Office of Small Business and Civil Rights and the Office of the Chief Human Capital Officer, the members of our EEO advisory committees and affinity groups, and staff and management all over the agency who model our organizational values every single day. I'm confident, with their support and leadership, we will continue to enhance our resilience, strengthen our organizational health, and ensure that the NRC is an employer of choice for current and future employees while steadfastly achieving our mission with excellence.
- This concludes our presentation. We look forward to your questions.
- CHAIR HANSON: Thanks, Dan. Just before we get going with questions, I neglected to note at the beginning that Commissioner Baran is with us. He's online out there somewhere over the internet and, as we get through questions here, we'll include him in due course.
  - So we'll begin this morning with Commissioner Caputo.

COMMISSIONER CAPUTO: Good morning. So it goes without saying how important these issues are to the agency, but I'm going to say it anyway and I just did. So it takes a significant amount of effort to prepare for today's meeting, but it takes far more effort to work on these issues all the way through the years. So thanks to everyone who both contributed their efforts all year and also in preparing for today's meeting.

Stephen Covey says that strength lies in differences, not

Stephen Covey says that strength lies in differences, not similarities. So thanks to everyone in particular who works to strengthen the agency through diversity and inclusion.

Since returning to the agency, I've experienced situations that have caused me to reflect on inclusion in particular. So I'm going to relay some of my experiences and perspectives as a woman in a technical field and a recent observation. So for those of you turning in from Region II, yes, you heard it first.

When I graduated and started working, I often felt treated like that young girl fresh out of college who doesn't know anything. And I shrugged it off because they had a point, and I figured it wouldn't always be the case and that it would wane as I gained experience and progressed in my career. But it didn't, and, nonetheless, I plowed forward with my career goals, just choosing to ignore it and not let it stand in my way.

What struck me recently is that I'm still wrestling with these situations at this point in my career, and, if I am, other women are, as well. And it's incumbent upon me, I think, at this point in my career, to really begin to sort of wrestle with these issues and do what I can to impart change for the better. Women have faced challenges as long as they've been in the

workplace, and certainly things are a lot better now than they were years ago or certainly for our mothers in the workplace. But there's still a ways to go, and I think it's time for me to do my part to bring positive change.

This is where I'm also going to insert a strong caveat. I don't think my struggles, well, I think my struggles have been a fraction of what some women have been faced with. So what I'm going to say today I want in no way to trivialize women out there who have faced much tougher situations than I have.

But I will also insert a caution here to leaders in the agency. Twice in my career, these dynamics have influenced my decision to leave a position, once solely as my reason to leave a position and the other time it was a strong contributing factor. So to the extent that women are struggling with these issues, they can just leave. And that, I think, should be a reason for all of us to sort of focus on doing what we can in terms of inclusion to make our workplace more inclusive because we want to preserve those talents and contributions.

One of the strongest drivers of job satisfaction and engagement is for people to feel appreciated, and I believe the extent to which people feel appreciated is strongly influenced by how inclusive we are. So I'm going to take a moment to share an anecdote about a meeting I was in a few months ago. It was a meeting about this size. There were three other women other than me, and we had had a brief PowerPoint. This was sort of an open discussion Q&A session. A woman sort of across the table where Jack is roughly started to speak up. She got interrupted. I noticed it, I looked at her, she looked at me, no expression. Waited a few more

minutes. There was a break in the conversation. I looked at her expecting her to jump in. She tried to jump in, and she got cut off again. She gave me a little knowing smile, I gave her a little knowing smile back. And I thought to myself, oh, fine, I'll interrupt. I grew up in a boisterous family and, as I said to Region II, I know the fine art and poor manners of interrupting. I'm going to interject, and I'm going to give her an opportunity because I want to hear what she has to say.

So I tried to jump into the conversation. I got cut off. I gave her a surprised look. She looked equally surprised back at me. So I waited a minute and jumped in a little more forcefully. And she, of course, had a wonderful, insightful contribution to the discussion, but what I was left with was the level of effort that it took to elicit that contribution and the dynamic that women, I think in particular, face in these situations where every one of those situations is fraught with a judgment call. Do you push forward and speak up and risk being labeled as aggressive, right, or do you play it safe, step back and sit quietly? And that, I think, really resonated with me as a woman, speaking from my own personal perspective; but it's also something that I'm guessing people of color and gender identities also struggle with and, to some extent, people that are simply just shy.

So this, to me, is a very subtle and absolutely crucial aspect of inclusion. How hard is it for people to contribute and be heard. And I don't have a simple answer here because I don't think this is something that's just solved with a program or a training because I think this is all about how we, as individuals, interact in the workplace and how we treat each other and interact with each other.

So this is certainly something that I'm going to think on more going forward, but I will share one thing that I'm doing, trying to do on a personal level. When you're going into a meeting, it's very easy to focus on the substance of the meeting, who's going to be there, what are they going to say, what are you going to say. So I'm trying to make a point, of reminding myself to be intentionally aware, consciously looking for and being alert for those moments. They can be incredibly subtle and fleeting, but I want to watch for those because that really, you know, it's so easy to just pause for a minute and say, I'm sorry, MJ, you were about to say something, what was that? It's very easy, simple really, as long as you're alert for it. The people in that meeting I'm sure were probably completely oblivious and I'm sure most, if not all, would be completely mortified that that situation played out.

So in missing those moments, we're missing out on someone's thinking. Maybe it was brilliant, maybe it wasn't. But if it wasn't, it might be the next time. And if this person is encouraged and feels valued, they'll keep making those contributions, and you never know when you're going to get some brilliant nugget that's really an important contribution to the mission of the agency.

So if we make it too hard for people to make those contributions, they're going to feel like their voices aren't heard, don't matter, and that they personally aren't valued. And not only could we risk losing their contributions in any other situations, we could lose them from our workforce.

So this is where I think inclusion goes beyond a principle

and really into practice. And like I said, there's no simple answer here, but I do want to just give a special thank you to everyone who actively contributes to improving inclusion here at the NRC, not just at a programmatic level but also on a personal level, because I think it really is crucial to the future of the agency.

So with that, I want to say, Amanda, thank you very much for being here representing the advisory committees. And I'm going to say, not to the exclusion of the other groups, but more in keeping with, you know, speaking about what you know, I'd like to talk at some point with FWPAC leadership just to learn more what I can do to engage on a personal level and just strategies for the workplace to make it more inclusive for women and, you know, from there, probably I would assume a lot of strategies that I could probably employ with regard to our other groups, as well.

So I'm also, setting that aside, now that I have basically followed on former Chairman Kristine Svinicki's strategy sometimes of speaking more than asking a question, I do have one question and I have a question for Mary. So I recognize the opportunity to bring in outside talent to meet the needs that we're facing is important and that a lot of external hiring is necessary, but I'd like to understand better what effort has been made to upscale our current employees providing development opportunities and, in some case, turning them into new positions where we know we need workload. And it may take developmental training, it may be, I think, more intensive to do that, rather than simply bringing in an external hire. But I'd like to know how you balance that.

MS. LAMARY: Thank you. So there's actually quite a bit

- 1 going on. We are working very hard to grow our own and be able to
- 2 promote from within. We're on our second round of NRAN apprentices now.
- We are also doing our, we just did our CDP. Seventy-five percent of the
- 4 candidates into the CDP were internal candidates, so we're growing our own
- 5 there.
- Our attrition rate, we know that we lose about 200 or so
- 7 every year. Sixty-percent last year, sixty percent of our attrition was at the
- 8 **14 and 15 level**.
- 9 And so, in terms of hiring from the outside, we've talked a
- lot about external hiring, 12 percent of external hires were at the 14 or 15
- level. The rest we're bringing them in and we're growing. So that means
- that that 60 percent that were vacated were filled from within, we're
- promoting. As I said, we processed over 150 actions internally.
- We're also working on our rotations and details. Thank
- you to Dan. He allowed us to do from where your current duty station is, so
- folks who are accepted into a detail or a rotation now, if the work supports it,
- do not have to relocate. So if somebody from a region was to do a detail
- here at the headquarters to get headquarters experience, they could do it
- from their current official duty station instead of having to come here.
- So we're doing a lot of different things.
- 21 COMMISSIONER CAPUTO: All right. Thank you.
- 22 CHAIR HANSON: Thank you, Commissioner Caputo.
- 23 Commissioner Crowell.
- 24 COMMISSIONER CROWELL: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
- Thank you to all the presenters for everything you've offered today. This is

an incredibly important topic. As the newest commissioner, I'm still getting acquainted with many of the policies and programs we have around the agency and attempting to determine what's working well and what needs improvement, what's being overlooked. I also want to say thank you to Commissioner Caputo. Sometimes, sharing an experience can be much better than asking a series of questions, and I think that was very valuable to hear from her perspective. So I appreciate her taking the time to do that.

These are difficult issues, but they're important to get right.

In my view, the worst scenario is to talk a big game and then not follow through. I think that has the most harmful impact on workforce culture and would be harmful going forward. That being said, as we work as a family, we will know that this is going to be an iterative process to get this right and good intentions can go a long way if they truly are good intentions and result in actions. And it starts from the top. This side of the table, as well as the senior leadership on the other side of the table and throughout the agency, we have to walk the walk.

That being said, the input from the balance of the agency is the most important in my mind because they're the ones who are going to inherit these policies and this agency culture, and our job at the top is to be supportive of getting input from them, making sure that we're staying within the bounds of any applicable laws and regulations, meeting our safety mandate; but beyond that, I really think that their input should be dictating how we move forward on these topics, and I want all of our senior leadership to keep that in mind as we go forward.

I have a handful of questions. I'll see what I can get

| 1 | through here. I know we're all working on, you know, improving our data       |
|---|---|
| 2 | metrics and analyzing the data that we have. And in reviewing the very        |
| 3 | good reports as part of this presentation and that are done at the agency, it |
| 4 | seems to be there's some weaknesses in the data analysis being flagged as     |
| 5 | either missing or inaccurate such that the data couldn't be analyzed. And I   |
| 6 | know that the EEOC noted that, as well.                                       |

Is there an effort to improve the collection of data and, therefore, be able to analyze it and inform our policies?

MS. ORDAZ: Absolutely. Great question. And thank you for reading the MD-715 report because that's where that came from where we had to acknowledge that we had some inaccuracies for lack of data. And we're working very close with our partners in OCHCO on that very same thing. Your comments from a few years ago, Commissioner Caputo, resonated with us, too, on data, so we've been hard driving on the data. Lots of discussions. Mary can speak to it also because the systems that the data comes through for workflow, applicant data, comes through her systems that she's working on in 2023 and is committed to addressing that so we can get better data and better statistics that go into our report.

Mary, would you like to add anything?

MS. LAMARY: Thank you. Yes, we are working on that.

As I said, one of the things that we're working on aggressively now, we've asked the EDO for some resources, is to improve platforms for data analytics. We think it will also inform the effectiveness of our outreach and our recruitment activities.

So I think it will help us across the board in terms of being

able to satisfy reporting requirements, as well as inform our own internal activities.

COMMISSIONER CROWELL: Thank you. And that helps lead me to another question that I think, Mary, will end up being for you because you mentioned it. But on gender equity, I know that the government-wide metrics are largely binary, male/female, and I'm wondering if we're doing anything internally or have received any guidance on how to improve the non-binary metrics and inclusion for individuals who identify as non-binary. I know that may require getting a little bit ahead of where the larger federal government is, but is there anything happening there? I know you said you're cognizant of it in your presentation, but, beyond that, are we able to do anything?

MS. LAMARY: Yes, sir. So, currently, we're not because there's not a metric to collect it. So we would be ahead. We would be leaning forward, and we plan to do that in terms of placing metrics and measures in place to collect that data; but it's currently not one of the data points that is in the official data set. So we'll be creating our own.

COMMISSIONER CROWELL: Okay. That's great to hear. I'm going to stick with you for a second, Mary, because you're one of the earliest people I got to meet at the agency, and I think you are a true professional and expert in your field, and I really appreciate what you do.

MS. LAMARY: There are many of us here, sir.

COMMISSIONER CROWELL: That being said, you can only be as effective as the policies and directions you receive and the resources you have from a budget and human resource perspective. Do

you have what you need to help the NRC walk the walk?

there. We did not when we started the FY22 hiring initiative. You know that this agency was not doing a lot of hiring other than trying to maintain its equilibrium, and so we began aggressively last year. We have a lot of lessons learned, we made some requests, we received them. We have met with the EDO's office. We did a lot of analysis internally within OCHCO. We talked to our offices and regional customers. We understand what they need, and we went knocking. So we have a pretty good commitment, so I think we're going to get there; yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER CROWELL: Okay. Thank you. And then I don't know if this next question is going to be for you or Dan or one of you to designate, but I was reviewing some of the workforce analysis and data regarding internal promotions and the equity with regard to internal promotions and noted that for GG-13s, 14s, and 15s and equivalent positions, for almost a hundred of those promotions no interviews were given for those promotions. And I can't say from the data whether that was right or wrong, but it makes me a little bit concerned that it lends itself to some of the feeling out there that there's bias in the promotion process and favoritism that happens, and I want to know if anybody on the panel here can speak to that.

MR. DORMAN: I'll start with just a general expectation.

The merit process, a selecting official gets from HR a pool of candidates that have been screened and identified to be the best-qualified candidates. And sometimes you get a cert that has a half a dozen candidates on it and you

don't know some of them, and the normal expectation is you're going to interview everybody on the cert. So I think that number is stark to me, the hundred that you cited, because, generally, I would expect when a selection is made without having interviewed, it's generally a very small cert and people that are well known to the selecting official. So all of them are well

known to the selecting official.

- So a general expectation would be interviews, so that number is striking to me. Mary, if you have anything to add on that.
  - MS. LAMARY: I think you've hit on the key point, and that is you make your selections from the available candidate pool. So I think we have to step a little further back and increase the diversity. We need greater horizontal diversity that will feed the vertical diversity in the agency. So right now, that's where the available candidate pool is, that's from where we select. So it's incumbent on us, and that's why I was keying on the data for where we left with their losses at the 14 and 15 level versus the hires at the 14 and 15 level from outside. That will allow us to grow more internally so that the available candidate pool becomes more diverse at the higher grades.
  - COMMISSIONER CROWELL: I think it's important to keep a very close eye on this because, as we move into a new hybrid work environment or dynamic work environment, that has the potential to get acutely worse quickly, and we need to make sure we're now allowing that to happen.
- One more question. I'm going to take a left turn here and turn to Tony, I think, as the right person for this. In our efforts to do well in

the recruitment and use of small businesses, there often comes a tipping point that gets a little bit tricky where small businesses who are successful in navigating the process and doing well with contracts either as prime or subs, your success often starts to walk you towards the path of not being a small business anymore. And in an effort to continue to be a small business, sometimes you'll see entities keep their metrics low, their number of staff and things like that, so that they can maintain the small business qualification. But they're doing more with less in that dynamic.

- How do you account for that kind of tipping point when successful small businesses start to get stretched too thin because they want to stay in that threshold?
- MR. BRIGGS: Great question. We've actually had that happen on one of our largest contracts at the agency. One of the greatest creditors to our small disadvantaged business performance was a company that, in fact, grew large on a multi-year contract. There's really nothing you can do after that fact.
- So we've been trying to focus on bringing new entrants into the federal marketplace. That's why I mentioned we established the help desk support to answer the where do I start question for a lot of new companies coming in because we will have companies grow, and that is incredibly difficult to manage.
- One of the things we encourage for companies that are starting to grow, start mentoring smaller companies. There is something called a mentor protégé agreement that is run by SBA that actually helps that, so the small business that eventually grows large will help out the

- smaller companies with their experience and resources. And they're able to compete on small business contracts.
- There's also another mechanism called the joint venture agreement, so that's a small business and a large business getting together, forming a new legal entity that is, in fact, considered small, and they can, in
- 6 some cases, share resources.

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- 7 COMMISSIONER CROWELL: Thank you. It's
  8 reassuring that you have your eye on that topic and are keeping track of it,
  9 and I very much appreciated your presentation. You seem like you've got,
  10 you're very well aware of your job and you're doing it well. So thank you for
  11 that.
- MR. BRIGGS: Thank you. Appreciate it.
- 13 COMMISSIONER CROWELL: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
- 14 CHAIR HANSON: Thank you, Commissioner Crowell.
- 15 Thank you all again for being here. I think this is a really good discussion.

This is certainly one of my favorite meetings of the year to get to talk to and

- hear from all of you about how the agency is developing and fostering and
- hopefully encouraging the kind of culture that we need that brings everybody
- together to really accomplish the mission, and the mission is more salient
- and more urgent than ever. We're facing an increasing operational tempo,
- 21 if you will, in terms of interest from both our existing licensees and new
- 22 potential licensees, and I certainly agree with my colleagues that it's
- important to kind of bring everybody together.
- There are a couple of aspects in which this happens, right,
- and certainly the telework and the work of the implementation working group

- 1 has been important as we figure out kind of how to move forward together.
- 2 It's required a lot of creativity. It's required a lot of innovation, I think, as we
- 3 do this. And even as we kind of figure out the mechanics of what life is
- 4 going to look like going forward in the agency, Dan, I think you mentioned it
- 5 recently in a EDO update that we're going to focus on the culture in the
- 6 meantime. And I think that's exactly right.
- 7 So kind of along those lines, I've got kind of a handful of
- 8 questions. This is kind for Jack, and, MJ, kind of for you. I was looking at
- 9 the FEVS results recently again and noticing some differences, I think,
- between the regions and headquarters. You know, in general, we see
- 11 higher employee satisfaction, a higher level of trust in senior management --
- not that there aren't bright points here at headquarters, too -- in the regions.
- And I guess what it raised for me was, obviously, and I think all of us see this
- when we go out to visit the regions, there are some good things happening
- out there. Oh, that's a really great idea, or, oh, look at that initiative, and so
- forth. And we see it at headquarters, as well. MJ, you highlighted some of
- the stuff in NRR.
- So how are those good practices kind of making their way
- through the agency? How are we sharing what we know? You know,
- 20 culture is, sometimes it's person to person, sometimes it's group to group,
- 21 sometimes it's from leadership, sometimes it's from the bottom up. So what
- 22 are your kind of observations and how can we make kind of cultural
- transmission, if you will, more effective in the agency?
- MR. GIESSNER: I'll start. I think the best way is when
- 25 it's at the grassroots level. Desired culture team at the agency has a

- 1 headquarters components, and there's regions that have components, and
- they meet periodically, they have guest speakers, and they talk about things
- 3 that can work and they share best ideas.
- 4 At the regional administrator and like the head of NRR and
- 5 NSIR, we meet every two weeks virtually and talk about things. And we talk
- 6 about the way we can work better together, and we share ideas.
- 7 But I believe that the grassroots effort is much better.
- 8 When you talk about inclusion, you have to include people in the day-to-day
- 9 activities. It's not just -- Commissioner Caputo, it resonated with me that it's
- not a process per se that will include people. You have to include them in
- the things that you do generally, whether it's getting a cup of coffee. And
- sometimes you have to make those ideas well known.
- 13 And I think good ideas are spreading, but I also think that it
- takes time, and that's the problem is the appetite for change is high, so
- people want to change. But culture doesn't change that fast. You have to
- bring people together and connect them. You have to get them to believe
- that it's okay to include everybody. And that you can do at the grassroots
- 18 level. That's kind of my take.
- MS. ROSS-LEE: Well, and I just wanted to add to the
- 20 committees that Amanda had gone through and talked. Each of those, as
- 21 far as I'm aware, I'm most familiar with the Federal Women's Program
- because that's the one I'm the sponsor for, have a regional component.
- 23 And at each of our meetings, the regional component tells us about the
- things that are going on at the region. And I know we have embraced some
- of those ideas, we've taken some of those ideas and have grown from them,

so I know that's a really good communication tool where we are, at least monthly, talking to the region about what's going on, what are you doing in these areas of activities.

And, again, at the grassroots level, for what Jack was talking about, the quarterly meetings where the regions all get together at the division level, we frequently have staff that participate. Just earlier this month, I had a whole bunch of staff who went out to Region II, for instance. It was a wonderful opportunity, again, at that grassroots level for the staff to talk, ideas to be formed. You know, my branch chief was out there, came back with, like, some really good feedback, some really good ideas. We do those virtually, as well, you know, even when we can't. But, again, I think sometimes getting feet in place at those events because it's the sidebar conversations, generally speaking. It's the ones that you have outside of the formal presentations that I think help to have those ideas grow. And I think more and more the way we can facilitate that, that will help.

I know we've been working trying to figure out what's the answer to the virtual sidebar conversation that would happen if you were there, but you're not, so how do you make that happen. And we've all been kind of trying to bat that idea around how to make that real, but I think the more we can grow that I think will help facilitate this exchange of good ideas.

CHAIR HANSON: Thank you. Go ahead.

MR. DORMAN: Yes. Thanks. I wholeheartedly endorse the grassroots notion, and I'd just add that, as people move through their career and move across the agency in different offices, that helps to facilitate that. I think there's a couple of things that my team in the EDO's

- office that facilitate, there's a culture network and there's a change agents network that bring in people at the grassroots from across the agency to have conversations on a regular basis and share experiences. And I think my observation through my career and particularly in the context of our culture improvement plans in response to FEVS and other inputs is most effective when the staff are actively engaged in the process in developing
- 8 CHAIR HANSON: Anyone else? Amanda.

that plan. That is where the benefit is.

- MS. BLACK: I was just going to add that, you know, kind of what MJ said, that the EEO committees are a really great tool for getting people involved with the virtual environment. We've had super great success with all the committees reaching the regional, you know, people that are there and having them be included in any of the events that we have, so that's another great, you know, positive thing from the virtual environment. But, yes, just utilizing us in any way. We have a good reach.
- We've also leaned on each other, the committees leaned on each other for distribution to get the word out so we can kind of, you know, have more involvement, have people show up to the events. So it's been really great.
- 20 CHAIR HANSON: Good. Thank you very much, all of 21 you.
  - Mary, I think this is a question for you; I'm not 100-percent sure. So I saw that, you know, in terms of the recent hires, I think we were at 38.5 percent in terms of women, which is just slightly below kind of the overall agency. But I think we know, at least in kind of the technical

- programs, right, that the representation of women is actually lower than that,
- 2 right? It's down in the 30s somewhere and kind of has been historically.
- 3 So for NRR, NMSS, and the other kind of technical offices,
- 4 what's the, you know, how has hiring been overall? Do you have that
- 5 number by any chance?
- 6 MS. LAMARY: I don't have the number, but I can tell you
- 7 a couple of areas that would speak to the technical side of it. So our NRAN
- 8 program, this current cohort is about, I'd say, 45 48 percent to 55, 52
- 9 percent. On the female side, it's the lower side, but it's in the 40s, better
- than our current. With respect to the CDP program, the minority and
- women demographic is 62 percent, so 38 percent of the CDP program would
- be white male; 62 percent would be women and minorities. On the
- technical side, because we did a technical track and a corporate track, on
- the technical side, 53 percent are women and minorities.
- 15 So I think we're making progress. Much like culture, it's
- not going to change overnight, but we are incrementally making progress,
- 17 sir.
- 18 CHAIR HANSON: Great. Building the pipeline is the
- main thing, right? Making progress over time. I just want to use -- oh,
- sorry, Vonna, go ahead.
- MS. ORDAZ: I just wanted to recognize our whole row of
- 22 NRANers in row number two over to your right that are happy to be here
- today with us.
- 24 CHAIR HANSON: Absolutely. Even with a fun
- 25 Christmas sweater. There's extra points for that. I appreciate that. Thank

- 1 you, Vonna. Of course.
- 2 I just want to take just a couple of additional seconds for a
- couple of shout outs. One, Jack, I think you had a slide of Gail Christoffer
- 4 Baruch, right, and she's doing this great volunteer work and work with
- 5 veterans and so forth. I had the pleasure this week of signing her, length of
- 6 service certificate, 45 years of service in the federal government. So, Gail,
- 7 if you're out there watching, thank you for your service.
- 8 I was up in Region I, Commissioner Crowell and I were up
- 9 in Region I at the end of last week, and I had the chance to congratulate and
- shake the hand of Gerry Powell. She's been here over 45 years now, as
- well. She's getting ready to retire on March 31st. She's been a long-time
- administrative assistant with the agency.
- So with that, thanks again, everyone, for being here, and
- 14 I'll hand it over to Commissioner Baran.
- 15 COMMISSIONER BARAN: Thank you. Well, thank you
- all for your presentations and for your efforts to boost diversity and inclusion
- 17 at NRC. I want to start by just applauding OCHCO's efforts and really all of
- the offices' work to recruit and bring 271 external hires into the agency's
- 19 pipeline last fiscal year. After several years of very limited external hiring,
- 20 it's a major accomplishment to ramp up hiring to that level. And significant
- 21 hiring is necessary for the agency to do the work we have in front of us now
- and to be ready for the work ahead of us in the future.
- As I said before, increased hiring also presents a huge
- opportunity to reach a diverse pool of applicants and then bring people into
- the agency to represent a cross-section of America.

Mary, the aspirational hiring goal for this fiscal year is 400 external hires. Last year, we talked about some of the challenges that OCHCO faced in ramping up hiring. What challenges do you see as we continue to accelerate hiring this fiscal year?

MS. LAMARY: Thank you for the question, sir, and for the recognition. It was certainly an agency-wide effort to accomplish those hires.

With respect to challenges for this year, we did have some lessons learned. This is why some of the resources that we asked for went beyond FTE. It's not just bodies. We requested some money for some technology for data analytics. We requested support to participate in some diversity hiring networking associations. We want to ramp up some of our outreach and recruiting efforts and update our marketing materials. So there is a lot that we learned.

We would be, for example, at recruitment events and we were seeing that our branding was not just eye catching, it was not attractive. If your product isn't attractive, they're not going to want to come to your agency to work. And so a lot of lessons learned, and we have been very, very much supported. I recognize that our efforts in OCHCO really support the entire agency. We did not hire 271 folks in OCHCO. They were placed across the agency, so, certainly, it's an agency-wide effort. But thank you, sir.

COMMISSIONER BARAN: In looking at our posted vacancies on USAJOBS, I see that we're leaning in on external hiring and explicitly listing how people outside of the agency and outside of government

service may be eligible to apply. Can you talk a bit about our approach to postings?

MS. LAMARY: Thank you. Yes. So we are, obviously we're posting our jobs on USAJOBS, but, as I just mentioned, we're also launching some efforts in LinkedIn. I've already gotten some feedback that some folks are seeing more and more NRC postings in LinkedIn, more mentions. We're also, as I said, looking to gain access to a diversity network platform.

One of the lessons that we did learn when we went external, which was to increase the candidate pool, somebody might post a job, they might select an internal candidate, but then we have that qualified pool that we can fill other vacancies from and reduce the hiring time. So we thought that was great, except we learned, one of the lessons learned was it was sending a message to folks inadvertently here at the NRC that they weren't wanted, that we didn't value them as candidates. Nothing could be further from the truth, so we've begun including an absolutely affirmative statement in every job announcement that NRC employees are encouraged, not just wanted, not just desired, but encouraged to apply for these vacancies.

COMMISSIONER BARAN: Well, that's great. And you talked a little bit about this earlier with Commissioner Caputo because, as we increase external hiring, there's also the challenge of providing professional growth for our current employees. We heard a lot about that during this year's All Employees meeting and the desire for that. That may be moving folks to, you know, from a different program office to provide

experience or it may be promotional opportunities, so I really appreciate that
you're focused on that. I was heartened to see the 150 moves that you
talked about this past fiscal year because I think you're absolutely right. We
need to do this external hiring. We also have to make sure that people
have promotional opportunities. And I don't know if there's anything you
wanted to add on that, but I'm very encouraged that we seem to be striking a
balance there.

MS. LAMARY: Thank you. I would just say that the data seems to support that, as well. Seventy-five percent of the CDP class are internal selections. As I said, 60 percent of our attrition rate was 14 and 15 and, yet, only, I think, I don't have the exact number, 12.8 percent of the 271 hires were at the 14 or 15 level. And they didn't lie fallow. They did not lie vacant. We filled those 14s and 15s that went vacant, and we did that internally. So the data supports that, as well. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER BARAN: Are there other authorities that the agency is using to fill positions from broad diverse applicant pools for posted jobs? Are there any statutory limitations impeding progress on hiring?

MS. LAMARY: I wouldn't say that they are necessarily impeding us. I would say that, up to now, we've not necessarily availed ourselves. So we know they're there. Now that we are ramping up hiring, we're going to access them more and more. It's a question of training folks to think about looking at a direct hire pool, Schedule A candidates, we're looking to build and populate a Schedule A database. Schedule A is terrific because you don't even have to post the job. If we have a viable database,

you can look in there, and if there's somebody there that meets your position you can just make them an offer. So you don't have to post the job, you don't have to go through the entire hiring process. So it's incumbent on

4 OCHCO to build that capability for the agency, and that's one of the

5 initiatives that we're working on internally.

you mentioned a couple of times, which is Senior Executive Service, or SES, candidate selection. A new slate of SES candidate development program participants for NRC was just announced recently. Congratulations to those selected. A few years back, we were struggling with diversity within the NRC senior leadership ranks and within the SES candidate development program classes and SES CDP in particular, you know, the number of women in there, which was very, very low. It was really discouraging the last go-around.

So the senior leaders at the time took a hard look at the candidate selection process. And at this meeting in 2018, the staff presented changes to the selection process to introduce more objectivity and mitigate possible unconscious bias in the process. Can you talk a little bit about whether those changes have been effective? It sounds like maybe, in terms of the results, it's looking like they were.

MS. LAMARY: Yes, sir. Again, I think the data supports us. I think we've been very successful in beginning to turn that tide. I mentioned that 62 or 68, 62 I think, 38 percent are white males, 62 percent of the incoming CDP class are women and minorities. So, again, we're increasing that diversity.

| 1  | Another positive aspect to the CDP program that was done                          |
|----|---|
| 2  | just this year, because we continue to improve over time, is we shortened         |
| 3  | the program from 18 to 24 months to 12 months minimum to complete that            |
| 4  | program and become certified. So we're sort of fast-tracking that                 |
| 5  | Sixty-two percent that is a favorable increase will be available to us sooner     |
| 6  | not that we necessarily want our executives to leave but we have ar               |
| 7  | available candidate pool that's going to be very diverse and ready to move        |
| 8  | into positions. And when they move up, 75 percent of them are interna             |
| 9  | candidates, when they move up that creates more vacancies at the 14 - 15          |
| 10 | level. And as we've demonstrated and I've remarked several times, we're           |
| 11 | filling those internally, as well. So it's a domino effect, sir.                  |
| 12 | COMMISSIONER BARAN: Great. Given what seems                                       |
| 13 | like a successful effort here, I don't know that you all are looking at additiona |
| 14 | changes to consider, but any sense of whether you having gone through             |
| 15 | kind of the new approach on this class or the SES CDP, do you think about         |
| 16 | any other changes to the program?   |
| 17 | MS. LAMARY: I don't have any specifically in mind, but                            |
| 18 | as I said, we weren't planning to, but one of the refinements we did was to       |
| 19 | shorten this year's program to have a ready slate available to us sooner          |
| 20 | So over time, if we identify improvements, we'll certainly look to see if there   |
|    |   |
| 21 | are ways that we can implement them for our program.                              |

COMMISSIONER BARAN: Well, it sounds like we're making real progress on diversity in SES candidate development program. That's great to hear.

Jack, MJ, Amanda, and Vonna, I really appreciate

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- everything you and your organizations are doing to celebrate our diversity,
- 2 raise awareness of the challenges folks face, and support all of our
- 3 employees. It's so important, both for individuals and for our overall
- 4 organizational health. We do better work for the American public if we're
- 5 focused on and making progress on diversity, equity, inclusion, and
- 6 accessibility.
- 7 And, Anthony, I don't want to leave you out. Congrats on
- 8 NRC's most recent A-plus from SBA. That's a tremendous achievement.
- 9 And as Commissioner Crowell intuited, it's really part of a long track record
- of success for our small business program, so thank you and your team.
- Thanks again, everyone. And I will turn it back over to the
- 12 Chair.
- 13 CHAIR HANSON: Thank you, Commissioner Baran.
- 14 Commissioner Wright.
- 15 COMMISSIONER WRIGHT: Good morning and, wow,
- what a great meeting this has been. And this meeting or any other meeting
- we have, I mean, you can pick a path and you can go down it. There's just
- so many ways to go. Very good discussion.
- Before I get started, and I hope to be able to get to some
- 20 questions, I just want to thank Commissioner Caputo personally for sharing
- 21 the way you did. Not only was it sincere, but the strength of what you said
- 22 and the strength of your commitment, it really shown through, and I
- appreciate you more for it and look forward to working with you to help you in
- what you are trying to accomplish, as well. So thank you for that.
- We're all a product of where, you know, what our life

experiences are, right, which coming from South Carolina and North Carolina where I was born and raised and attending Clemson, which, you know, we have the greater Clemson club here at the NRC, Amanda, and I try to promote that where possible. We try to get along with our Alabama brethren. You know, I was raised by my parents to respect people, period, and to help where I could in those opportunities. And through life, from that, I learned the importance of encouraging people and empowering people. And I try to do that today, which I'm very glad that you brought up the NRANers because I was going to do it. It's on the top of my page right here. I made a point intentionally to go down and say hello to each of them as I came in the room today to find out where they were working and what area, what region, because, obviously, they're the future of the NRC, okay. And there's a lot of things that you can connect to this, right? They're here live and in person. They're hungry, you know. They are motivated. And the one thing that we need to provide them and the others who are going to onboard here is going to be mentorship and training.

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So, you know, Chair and my fellow Commissioners, think about this. I'd like to maybe use a meeting possibly to talk about the mentorship and training that we have at the NRC, not just today but what are we going to need going forward as we look at advanced reactors, we look at the reactor program we got now and how we're changing it, fusion, the materials side of things, right, medical advances and how we're going to have to provide those training opportunities, as well. It fits in this type of a meeting, right, so I think it's something we might want to maybe talk about. And I would be for that.

I really believe that, and I know Commissioner Crowell talked about the hybrid workforce, you know, hybrid meetings or hybrid working environment going forward, and were we prepared, you know, we talk the talk, but are we really walking the talk, right? Are we ready to walk that talk the way it needs to be done. So the fact that there's questions and real concern by my fellow colleagues up here is encouraging and should be encouraging to you as senior staff, but it really should be encouraging to the new people here at the agency, whether they're in this room here or they're listening online.

And, you know, I'm going to do what I can. I'm one person, one vote. But I got a lot of energy, and I like to see things get done. So I want to help you in any way that I can.

But I really feel that we've got, being together in a room in person makes a huge difference. It makes a huge difference. So this whole presence with a purpose concept, I know that we're just now talking it through, but we've got to get it right. If we don't get it right, we're going to suffer as an agency, you know, because these are the regulators of the future.

Mary, I'm one of those seasoned people that you talked about. You know, and I get it. But that's the point. I got to be able to share, and the seasoned people in this agency have got to be able to share, not just about, not just training and mentorship but also in the whole, just the whole inclusion thing. It's important on every level. We're not going to accomplish anything if we don't respect people and we're not compassionate. We can solve so many issues just like that if we just

practice that. And you know it when you see it, right? And I want to encourage that myself.

So very quickly, Jack, I'm going to come to you real quick because I think this fits. You know, you and I had a periodic just the other day, and we talked about the resident inspectors. And one of the things that we talked about was what are we going to do going forward, how do we encourage them, how do we recruit them, who do we attract them, right, and then how do we provide something for them because they're on the front line. They're not going to be able to get what some of the other people in the agency might get. So how do we do that, right? And we talked about some ideas maybe. I think one of the things was moving people up a grade to 14s and 15s, right? And you made the comment to me, I think, you know, subject to you saying that's what you actually said, but I think you made the comment to me that we have tried some of this stuff before, but now may be the right time to go for it. Could you maybe share some of that?

MR. GIESSNER: Right. You know, we have made progress. We've done some changes. We've done some work, and I'll call it the bottom-line salary to make sure people don't lose funding. We've done some pieces that -- in the past, about three years ago, we tried, and I think maybe the paper didn't have the right metrics on it to ensure we could prove our case of, hey, this is what we want to do for the recruiting and retention. Is it really an issue, right? Is it a problem?

I always look at it this way: a mature organization is always learning, and so it may not be a problem, but you can do things better. And

there's an organization that is looking from the SRM that's out of NRR that all the regions participate and they're building the metrics and everything. And I think all ideas are welcome, and I think there is, I've gotten some feedback from resident inspectors. I think it's fair to say I'm not the only -- well, I'm the RA here. I'm saying that we can't increase more telework for the resident inspectors. We already have a memo that allows about a day's worth of project-based, but you need to be on-site, you need to be watching what's going on. So I don't think that's going to be the area.

So we have to look at incentivizing, but I do think the future is, with the change in the family dynamic, how do you keep the resident inspector that wants to stay in the area afterwards. So I think the short answer is we probably should take back to the group what ideas do we need to have in this new re-entered hybrid environment, what does it look like? And I can take that back to them.

COMMISSIONER WRIGHT: I brought that up for a reason because I wanted to build on it because I do have a concern. I've shared it with the EEO, with Dan, and with others, you know, with Daryl and with Cathy and others about, you know, my concern is how do we build the employee that we're going to need going forward in the environment that we are in and it looks like we're going to move toward in some fashion.

So the whole presence with a purpose makes a lot of sense if it's done correctly because, you know, the whole new normal, we're going to have some issues, and I can see it. And so what we have to do or what we're trying to do with our resident inspector program, recognizing that it's a two-professional family most times, right, and that not all resident

- 1 inspector spots are equal, right, and some people we can't get people to say
- they want to go there and others we have a waiting list that, you know, until
- 3 you and I retire.
- So I appreciate what the working group is doing, and I
- 5 want to just publicly say to you again that I'm going to, I'll do anything I can
- to help you there, and, you know, any time I go to plants this is what we talk
- 7 about. I go right to this topic because the resident inspector program and
- 8 attracting people into that program is critical because that is the front-line.
- 9 So with that, you know, we've got 221 new people, 400
- more coming, Mary. This whole how do we build an employee, how do we
- train them, it's big. I know you're going to bring them, but we've got to solve
- that problem there. So thank you for that.
- 13 CHAIR HANSON: Thank you, Commissioner Wright.
- Now I'd like to welcome and recognize Sheryl Sanchez representing the
- National Treasury Employees Union for her remarks. Sheryl.
- 16 MS. SANCHEZ: Good morning, Chair Hanson,
- 17 Commissioners, EDO Dorman, managers, staff, members of the public, and
- 18 most importantly NRC bargaining unit employees. I'm Sheryl Sanchez,
- President of NTEU Chapter 208, and I'm pleased to be giving the union
- comments this morning. I'm joined here in the room and virtually by many
- 21 NTEU team members, such as stewards, labor partners, executive board
- members, who work on your behalf every day. Without such a dedicated
- team, NTEU would not be able to work together to strive to ensure that every
- NRC employee is treated with dignity and respect.
- NTEU is aware that the last two and a half years have

been particularly challenging for our employees. We're ending 2022 in extremely challenging times, and it doesn't seem like the start of 2023 will be less challenging. The last time I made comments to the Commission, I noted that in a study of people in all kinds of super challenging settings, one character emerged as a significant predictor of success, and that character was grit. Grit is passion and perseverance for very long-term goals. Grit is having stamina. Grit is working towards your goals day-in and day-out, not just for the week, not just for the month, but for years.

Although this isn't exactly the same as resilience, I believe the two are related. Resilient people experience stress and difficult emotions, but they tap into their strengths and seek help from their support systems to overcome these challenges and work through problems. Resilience empowers them to accept and adapt to a situation and move forward. I propose that resilient people have grit, and people with grit are resilient. Both attributes are essential to survive and, in fact, thrive during challenging times.

And I did not have any coordination with Commissioner Caputo, but the end of the year is approaching and I've been doing some reflecting of how much things have changed since I decided in high school in the 70s that I was going to become a nuclear engineer. I will focus on my perspective as a woman since this is the view that I'm most familiar with, but no doubt my experiences are not that different from other minorities who have endured discrimination, insensitive treatment, and a lack of equity, and in some instances subtle but in others downright blatant. It would be nice if we could say that we've come so far and that things are so much better, but

- 1 I'm not so sure this is the case across the board.
- 2 There is still far to go until everyone is truly valued for who
- 3 they are. I remember my high school guidance counselor
- 4 Who, when I told him of my desire to become a nuclear
- 5 engineer maybe '78-ish, he said I couldn't do that. And his recommendation
- 6 was I should seriously consider nuclear medicine because that was much
- 7 more appropriate. It was more in the line of nursing and much more
- 8 appropriate. Thank goodness my grandmother told me she would beat him
- 9 up as well as anyone else who told me I couldn't do anything I wanted to.
- 10 We all need advocates.
- Next, I think of my first engineering job at the Department
- of Energy in Albuquerque. As it was my first professional position, I didn't
- necessarily know what behavior was appropriate and what wasn't. I think
- young professionals today are much savvier than I was.
- 15 I had a mentor and he was actually wonderful, taught me a
- lot of great technical stuff, but he would stand up and shout over his cubicle,
- Henry, my last name was Henry back then, get your skinny A word for tushy
- 18 over here.
- 19 (Laughter.)
- 20 And I did. You know? I have to believe that I don't think
- that would happen today, but you know.
- Then after a few years, I was fortunate enough to get a
- 23 Department of Energy fellowship and pursue a master's degree in nuclear
- engineering, after which I started working at Sandia National Laboratories.
- On one occasion, I went to consult with a staff member regarding shield

design and I was given library books to return, which I did, and I circled around back. But after explaining that I was here to talk about the shield design, I did get a heartfelt apology and I do believe it was sincere.

But in this job at least, I never felt disrespected or dismissed or that anyone ever thought that I was a quota. Quite the opposite. Although there was sexism, I felt that my peers believed the fact that I was there was an indication that I had value to add, meaning by virtue of the fact that I was there, they believed I was smart.

In my union dealings though, I've had women, as well as other minorities, indicate that they were told flat out that they were a quota or they wondered if they were given an opportunity because of this. This is very sad. Have we really come so far or have we just become more clever?

It is encouraging to see on Slide 8 that EEO complaints have been decreasing since 2020, but the union has not seen a similar decrease in employees seeking our counsel. Time will tell, but it could be that employees have just stopped fighting because they don't think the Agency cares about them any more.

It is also encouraging to see the 2020 hiring data on Slides 45 and 46 and it's wonderful to bring on board more minorities, more females, more disabled, more veterans. But it's a lot more difficult providing these employees with real opportunities to be represented at all levels of the Agency and really see the possibility as they -- that they can go as far as their work-desiring ability allow.

It's also another matter to keep these valuable employees happy, retain them, and have them want to make their career or their second

career at the NRC. To be successful at this, and if we hope to come close to our 2023 aspirational hiring goal, we're going to have to rethink our position on remote and full-time telework. If we could open all positions to the whole country, imagine how this would increase our diversity.

As important also as it is to pursue external hires, we also must focus on keeping our current valuable employees happy and at the Agency. This includes giving remote and full-time teleworkers the same promotional opportunities as those that are local. We've had many employees who report to us that it's much more difficult to get promoted if you work remotely. We must do better.

I will finish with a brief summary of two current issues and invite you all to reach out to NTEU if you would like to discuss any of this in more detail.

First, we're happy to report that we signed an MOU to renovate the 11th and 13th floors of One White Flint North at headquarters. We were able to avoid having the impasse panel make this decision. The floors will not look anything like the current 6th floor, by the way. We put out a union announcement with much more detail.

Second, we put out a series of announcements dealing with the Phase One Telework Working Group recommendations. They've been consolidated into one document thanks to Dan Frumkin and they're on the chapter website. So those of you that don't get the union announcements that want to look at them, there's a series of announcements.

We will not give up the fight until we have true presence

- with a purpose, full stop. NTEU will always be here for our bargaining unit
- 2 employees. Feel free to reach out to us during these challenging times.
- We have a great team, both locally and in our national office. For those of
- 4 you who are not that involved with the union, but perhaps would like to be,
- 5 please join NTEU in our efforts to make the NRC a better place for everyone.
- 6 Please take care of yourselves and your coworkers.
- 7 Practice empathy. Be kind to each other. Be kind to yourselves. I hope you
- 8 can all take some time off at the end of the year, but if you cannot use your
- 9 leave, please donate it to those employees on the leave donation list. Even a
- little means so much to an employee who is need.
- Happy holidays from me and the entire NTEU team. We
- look forward to serving you in 2023. Thank you for your attention.
- 13 CHAIR HANSON: Thank you, Sheryl. Happy holidays to
- 14 you as well.
- As we wrap up, I want to thank you all again for being here
- and thank you for your really data-rich presentations. I think it's enormously
- 17 helpful.
- I want to appreciate my colleagues. I hope staff come
- away with a message that there's a lot of support on the Commission for the
- 20 initiatives that are ongoing within the Agency and whether it's FWPAC or
- 21 other equity and affinity groups in the Agency, I hope folks have heard some
- good messages today because I think that was certainly the intention.
- 23 And I would also emphasize, too, that the -- just
- emphasize I think the overall theme and I think you heard this throughout the
- 25 Commission about the importance of personal interaction.

| 1  | And as we think about attrition or whatever, right, I was                       |
|----|---|
| 2  | reminded as folks were talking that people don't leave organizations.           |
| 3  | People leave people, sometimes, when they have that job. And what we            |
| 4  | want to do is there will always be reasons for folks to move on to other good   |
| 5  | things in their careers and we want to celebrate that, right, people pursuing   |
| 6  | their path as they need to. But we don't want one of those things to be the     |
| 7  | Agency culture around here or to feel like they couldn't get their voices heard |
| 8  | or that they got talked over or that there wasn't a space here for them at the  |
| 9  | NRC.  |
| 10 | I think that the last message among us today that I hope                        |
| 11 | you heard was that the mission and accomplishing that with excellence is        |
| 12 | important and it really accomplishing that really needs all of us together.     |
| 13 | So thank you all again and with that, we are adjourned.                         |
| 14 | (Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went off the record                       |
| 15 | at 11:58 a.m.)  |